

OBJECTIVES OF THE DRAMATIC ARTS PROJECT

- 1. To provide an innovative approach to traditional 4-H projects.
- To help develop individual creativity, self-confidence, and self-awareness.
- 3. To encourage positive group interaction.
- 4. To build skills in the area of dramatic arts.

EXTENSION RESOURCE MATERIALS

4-H Dramatic Arts Unit I
 4-H Dramatic Arts Unit II
 4-H Dramatic Arts Unit III
 4-H Dramatic Arts Leader Guide

NOTE: This planning guide is based on information and activities described in the 4-H Dramatic Arts member manuals. It is recommended that youths begin their project work at the first level and continue in sequence.

LEVEL 1 (9- to 11-year-olds)

Things to Learn	Things to Do
Play Selection	 Select a familiar fairy tale or comic book and act it out with a group of friends.
	 Write a short story about your favorite TV or movie character or historical figure. Now, act out your story as that person.
Staging	 Draw a picture of a stage like the one on the bottom of page 6 in the member manual. Draw in stage prop where the question mark appears.
	 Go through your attic and basement to see if there are any items that you could use as stage props.
	 Build a stage prop using a cardboard box.
	a statement file, sto
Lighting	 Look through your house and select items that you could use to light stage; for example, flashlights, floodlights, and Christmas tree lights.
	 Take your comic book story (from Play Selection) and decide when you want to use lights. Mark these places in the comic book (see page 8-9).

Things to Learn	Things to Do
Costuming	 Look in your attic and ask your friends for old clothes that you could use for a play.
	 Find a large cardboard box that you could use to store costumes in and decorate it.
Applying Makeup	
	makeup.
	 Practice applying makeup as discussed on page 12.
	(You can find additional activities listed on page 13 of the member manual.)

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	l	LEVEL 2
(12-	to	14-year-olds)

Things to Learn	Things to Do
Performing	 Borrow a playbook from your library and read it.
	 Write a biographical sketch of a character in the play that you have read.
	 Using the character you have selected, practice body motions, voice, projection, and delivery that would be typical for that character.
	 Practice the stage direction exercises listed on page 7 before performing in a play.
Staging	 Visit the buildings in your commu- nity that could be used for a play production. List the advantages and disadvantages of each facility.
	 Build a diorama of the stage area in the facility that you would use for a play. Design your diorama to include the different stage parts listed on page 9.
Lighting	 Design a light plot for a play that you select (see pages 10-11).
	 Build a piece of lighting equipment that could be used for a play. For example, build a striplight, spot- light, or light board.

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Things to Learn	Things to Do
Costuming	 Find a pattern (at home or in a store) that could be used for a costume that you want to make.
	 Using that pattern try to make different costumes. For example, make a fantasy costume, a peasant costume, and a colonial costume.
	3. Find an old pair of shoes and alt them to fit your costume.
Applying Makeup	 Make a list of the makeup that you would need for a play (refer to pages 15-16). Try to find types and shades of makeup at stores in your community.
	 Make or find a container in which to store your makeup. Make com- partments in the container and label them so that you can easily store your makeup. An old fishin tackle box would make a good make kit.
	 Practice applying makeup on your- self to get the effects mentioned in the member manual.
	 Conduct a makeup workshop to tead your friends how to apply makeup
Creating Sound	 Make a list of sound effects need for your play.
	 Take your play and determine whe you want sound. Mark these plac in the playbook.

Things to Learn	 Things to Do
Promotion	Write a public service announcement that could be used by local radio and television stations.
	Design a playbill or a promotional poster.
	Attend a play rehearsal and take photographs. Write a story about the production for your local newspaper and include photographs with the story.

LEVEL 3 (15- to 19-year-olds)

Things to Learn	Things to Do
Recruiting Leaders	 Diagram the chain of command that would be needed for your play. As you recruit people for each posi- tion, put their names on the chart
Play Selection	 Form a committee to review plays and recommend one to your director
Scheduling	 Acting as the producer, director, or technical director, schedule th activities you feel are necessary for rehearsing your play.
	 Acting as the production coordina- tor, complete a production diagram as shown on page 4.
Site Selection	 Check the buildings in your commu- nity for stage size, seating capa- city, rental fees, parking avail- ability, and open dates as needed for your play.
Casting	 Form a committee to select a cast and technical crew for your play. See page 6 for an audition score sheet.
	 Design a character board and a technical board to use at your auditions.
	 Design a property loan record for the technical crew to use (see pag 7).

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Things to Learn	Things_to_Do
Evaluation	 Distribute an evaluation form to your audience (see page 8).
	 Have the crew fill out an evalua- tion form (see page 9).
	 Have the cast fill out an evalua- tion form (see page 10).

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Published by THE NORTH CAROLINA AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION SERVICE

North Carolina State University at Raleigh, North Carolina Agricultural and Technical State University at Greensboro, and the U. S. Department of Agriculture, Cooperating. State University Station, Raleigh, N. C., T. C. Blalock, Director. Distributed in furtherance of the Acts of Congress of May 8 and June 30, 1914. The North Carolina Agricultural Extension Service offers its programs to all eligible persons regardless of race, color, or national origin, and is an equal opportunity employer.

12-81-2M

4H PG-1-112