OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH

October 5, 1956

Mr. A. W. Boswell Box 654 Battleboro, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Boswell:

Mr. Taylor has asked me to send you an explanation of the membership in our band of a Negro student. We are fully aware of the attitude of the people of North Carolina about the admission of Negroes and their participation in activities. Our policy has been determined by the Attorney General, the Trustees of the University, and by the administrative officers of the Consolidated University as necessary compliance with decrees of the Federal courts.

Five Negro students were thus admitted to the freshman class for this year. The printed program for the orientation of freshman announced band try-outs and urged all qualified freshman to apply for membership in the band. It would have been a violation of the decree from the Federal courts if we had inserted a statement that Negroes were not eligible for the band and if the Director of the band had told Negroes who appeared for try-outs that they could not be in the band. Two Negroes appeared for try-outs. One was rejected because of only fair performance on his instrument. The individual approved for being in the band is an excellent musician and there was no way the Director of the band could eliminate him.

We are endeavoring to carry out the law without discriminating either for or against the Negroes whom we admit. I do not believe there will be many of them at State College and doubt that we shall have as many as five freahmen during the next four or five years. After admitting three freahmen at the University last year, some thought there would be many this fall. There is not a single one.

I hope you will have the pleasure of seeing State win some football games this fall and would be glad to talk with you about the matter you raised with Mr. Taylor.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

CHB:H ec: Mr. H. W. Taylor

October 1, 1956

Mr. William Friday, Acting President University of North Carolina Chapel Hill, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Friday:

Around August 31, 1956 Chancellor Bostian, Chancellor House, together with Director of Athletics, C. P. Erickson for Carolina and Roy Clogston for State College, worked out the points of agreement set forth below and as recorded by C. P. Erickson.

- 1. As I understand the instructions, this letter is to apply to all sports where any assistance is given to an athlete.
- This agreement is to become effective on October 1, 1956, and remain in effect until superceded by a Conference ruling.
- 3. The letter is to be signed by the applicant and by parent or guardian.
- 4. The same letter is to be used by all institutions of the Consolidated University of North Carolina.
- When the signed Letter of Intent is received by an institution, a copy is to be mailed to the athletic director at the other school.

This was cleared by all concerned with no changes except that State College suggested and all accepted the provision that the earliest date for signing an application for a grant-in-aid should be December 1.

I am attaching the mimeographed form of the application for a grant-in-aid.

I am also sending a copy of this communication to you to Chancellor Bostian, Director Clogston, and Director Erickson. I am requesting that each one initial this copy and return it to your office. You will then have the agreement, the document to be used, and the signatures of all parties.

Cordially yours,

R. B. House

cc: Chancellor Bostian Mr. C. P. Erickson Mr. Roy Clogston

APPROVED - CAREY H. BOSTIAN - October 4, 1956

COPY

October 11, 1956

President G. D. Humphrey The University of Wyoming Laramie, Wyoming

Dear President Humphrey:

I hope that information concerning our salaries will be of aid to you. Because of our peculiar organization, your questionnaire does not lend itself to a simple answering of the questions.

North Carolina State College is one of three institutions constituting a Consolidated University. The president of the University now receives a salary of \$15,000. On his staff a Vice President-Finance Officer receives \$13,500, a Vice President-Provost \$14,000, a Business Officer-Treasurer \$12,000. Each institution has a Chancellor and Business Manager whose salaries are currently \$12,000 and \$10,177. All of these salaries are statutory, subject to biennial legislative acts. There are no specific statutory limitations but the Trustees cannot raise the salaries. No other salaries are similarly affected.

The Governor of North Carolina currently receives \$20,000 a year.

It is very probable that beginning July 1, 1957, the salaries of the Chancellors and Business Managers will be raised to \$15,000 and \$12,000 respectively and the salary of the President of the Consolidated University will become \$18,000. As is the usual practice, the Presidents and Chancellors are provided homes which are partly furnished.

Very cordially yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

CHB:H

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

October 9, 1956

Mr. William C. Friday, Acting President The University of North Carolina Chapel Hill, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Friday:

Because the Advisory Budget Commission and Governor Hodges are now considering the requests from many prominant individuals that appropriations be made for a Textile Research Building and a wood Products Laboratory Building and an appropriation of \$100,000 for Textile Research, it is very important that we establish our position in regard to these items. I am, therefore, submitting a proposed letter, which, after appropriate review and revision, might be written to Governor Hodges and members of the Commission. The statement might be as follows:

"In order to clarify some confusion which has developed concerning the attitude of the administration of North Carolina State College and of the Consolidated University towards some of our budget requests, the following review is being provided.

"When our requests for new programs were submitted to the Board of Higher Education, we urged their approval of \$100,000 a year for basic textile research. Brochures setting forth the opportunities in textile research were given to members of the Board. We did not submit a detailed budget request for this program when the biennial budget was submitted to the Advisory Budget Commission August 15, 1956. We were awaiting information about the approval of the Board of Higher Education.

"The Permanent Improvements submitted to the Board of Higher Education were grouped as eighteen items. The first eight of these items did not involve particular schools or divisions but were needed for the entire college. These eight items and the remaining ten items were arranged in a priority agreed to by all the Deans and other administrative officers at State College as representing the best combined judgment of all of us. On this list the Textile Research Building was the second item for any particular School. The Wood Products Laboratory Building was number thirteen on the total list and was the fifth item among those for separate schools.

Mr. William C. Friday

"When Permanent Improvements were submitted to the Advisory Budget Commission August 15, 1956, several of the items between one and nine were sub-divided and the Textile Research Building then became item number twenty and the Wood Products Laboratory Building number twentythree. No change occurred in the priority listing.

"Textile Research and the buildings for Textile Research and Wood Products Laboratory Building bear very little relation to our teaching programs. Only the latter building has any relation to teaching. We believe that there is ample justification for having the State provide these two buildings but cannot agree that either has a higher priority among the total needs at State College than those items listed ahead of them.

"We hope that the Advisory Budget Commission will consider our justification in terms of the opportunity to render greater service to the textile and wood using industries and not in terms of the total expenditures to be made at Morth Carolina State College.

"Our students will be making an unjustified sacrifice to the provision of facilities for these industries if they are deprived of such things as more classrooms and laboratories, utility repairs and improvements, a gymnasium, and equipment for laboratories."

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

CHB:H

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH

September 29, 1956

Mr. James Nolan, President Student Government North Carolina State College 20 F Vetville Raleigh, North Carolina

Dear Jin:

Officials of State College and President Friday commend the students of State College for the excellent behavior demonstrated Last weekend following that great victory over Carolina. I do not wish to leave the impression that we expected an outburst of rowdyism in celebration of the occasion. We have during the last three years come to expect proper behavior by our students as a routine matter. We are fully aware of the high degree of cooperation between our students and the Division of Student Affairs and know that this spirit of mutual respect and understanding is the basis for the good conduct of our students. We must, of course, be ever on the alert because no one can predict how a proposal for student eelebrations may take hold with a group and be put into action.

There have been many reports to me of the good impression made on the public by the lack of an improper celebration of the victory and I want you to know how conscious we are of that and how much we appreciate it.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

CHB:H cc: Dean J. J. Stewart

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH

September 21, 1956

Miss Gertrude M. Cox Institute of Statistics Patterson Hall, Campus

Dear Miss Cox:

Approval has been received from Dr. W. M. Whyburn, Acting Provost, for having you serve as Head of the Department of Experimental Statistics and as Chairman of the State College section of the Institute of Statistics during the absence of Professor Rigney while serving in Peru.

Dr. Whyburn has conferred with Chancellor House and other individuals in Chapel Hill and assures us that they promise their full cooperation with you and do not see how the arrangement will make any difference in the administration of the Chapel Hill section.

It is, therefore, our request that during Mr. Rigney's absence you serve as head of the department and as chairman of the State College section.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

CHB:H cc: Dr. D. W. Colvard Mr. J. A. Rigney Statement from North Carolina State College Concerning Recommendations of the Hourd of Higher Education to the Advisory Budget Commission

Careful consideration of the information known to us on September 15, 1956, about recommendations which are to be made to the Advisory Budget Commission leads us to make this statement concerning several items affecting the School of Agriculture. We have no grounds for thinking that the Board of Higher Béneation has not made a fair appraisal of all the needs of institutions for which it is responsible. To the extent that recommendations have been made the Board has shown excellent judgment in determining priorities. Our disappointments, therefore, are not based on any opinion of inequitable recommendations but come from our feeling that the large body of citizens we serve will not receive the assistance believed to be very essential unless current recommendations are increased.

On Friday, September 14, the Advisory Council for Agriculture and the Agriculture Committee of the Board of Trustees held scheduled meetings at the college and among other items discussed reviewed the current status of budgetary requests. Since many of the requests had been submitted upon the advice of these and other interested groups such as the Tobacco Advisory Council, and because of the strong engressions of interest and concern made by them, it is our desire that the Board be fully informed of this reaction. The specific items are as follows:

1. The proposals that the increase of \$534,444 for the Agricultural Experiment Station be reduced to \$350,397, and that the increase of \$928,823 for the Agricultural Extension Service be reduced to \$586,886 were accepted by us and President Friday on September 5 as the minimum excunts needed for each year of the biennium. Subsequent further reductions by the Board of \$25,128 for the

Station and \$127,051 for the Agricultural Extension Service will make it impossible to provide improvements considered most needed. It is our understanding that some of the agricultural leaders may wish to reflect their views to the Advisory Budget Commission.

- 2. We consur in the strong request made by the Advisory Council and the Trustees' Committee on Agriculture that approval be given the non-degree two-year course in agriculture, with an appropriation of \$80,100 for the first year and of \$100,700 for the second year of the biennium.
- 3. We respectfully request that the proposal to transfer the small budget for the State Soil Conservation Committee to the Department of Conservation and Development be withdrawn. This program is administered in Extension only as a matter of convenience. Director of Extension D. S. Wesver is Chairman of the State Committee. If the Board considers this agency outside its responsibility, the budget can nevertheless be administered through our business office more efficiently and more properly than by any other agency of the State under its present plan of operation. The North Caroline Association of Soil Conservation District Supervisors can be expected to request the Advisory Budget Commission to consider their request for increasing the annual appropriation from \$10,000 to \$10,000 to provide for the increased size of their association. We would be very happy to see the budget administered elsewhere except for the commission under the present plan of operation.
- 4. We have been advised that some interested groups will probably request the Advisory Budget Commission for hearings with respect

+2-

to certain permanent improvements not recommended by the Board of Higher Education. They have expressed the belief that agricultural research will be handicapped seriously until funds are provided to complete the buildings for agricultural engineering and animal diseases and for adding the floor to the wing of Gardner Hall. The recommendation of \$40,000 for the Animal Disease Laboratory will provide the needed laboratory and equipment for diagnosing poultry diseases. An additional sum of \$200,000 is needed to complete the whole Laboratory. We wish the Board of Higher Education to know that representations may be made to the Advisory Budget Commission and the General Assembly by various groups of citizens for providing funds needed for these three projects. These groups know that the increased research and services they consider so essential cannot be provided until these projects have been completed.

> Carey H. Bostian, Chancellor North Carolina State College September 17, 1956

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH

September 14, 1956

Major L. P. McLandon Brooks, McLandon, Brim & Holderness Southeastern Building Greensboro, North Carolina

Door Major Malendon:

It is our understanding that the Board of Higher Education has made the decision to recommend no increase in appropriations for the Industrial Experimental Program, and, secondly, has decided to recommend that the program be transferred to the Department of Conservation and Development. I sincerely believe that we have failed to provide to members of the Board of Higher Education a clear understanding of the purposes of this program and the means by which its objectives can be necessarily believed.

The apportunity for assistance to small industries of North Carolins by utilizing the talents of the staff of our School of Engineering is unlimited. The agriculture of North Carolina reserves immediate benefits from the knowledge held by members of our research and teaching staffs of the School of Agriculture through the Agricultural Extension Service. The State Department of Agriculture cooperates to the highest degree in this endeavor.

We have at State College a School of Engineering with a staff superior to that of any engineering school south of Washington. The Industrial Experimental Program is a means whereby this talent can be utilized for the direct brasfit of our industries. We believe that a transformal of this program to the Department of Conservation and Development would be unnise and would reduce the effectiveness so greatly that it would be unsise to continue it.

We would like to request that the Board of Higher Education withhold until a later date making a recommendation to the Advisory Budget Commission that this program be transferred to the Department of Conservation and Development. It is very regrettable that a program involving such a small sum of momy in relation to the total program of higher education should take so much of our attention. At the same time, this program has such a great potential value that we are greatly concerned about the possibility that its effectiveness may be lost because of our belief that we have failed properly to inform members of the Board of Higher Education should it.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostion Chancellor

CHB:H ce:Noors. Remony, Lassiter, White, Reynolds, Purks, Friday

copy filed under "Budgets" . 9/4/56 The Industrial Experimental Program was presented to the 1955 Legislature and approved with an annual appropriation of \$50,000 as a means of providing aid to met industries of a service and testing nature. Assistance to industries is provided by () Pilot plant demonstrations. (2) Publication of bulleties, manuala, and handbooks. (3) Direct consultation to introduce new methodo, to improve efficiency of operations, and to help solve problems. The IEP does not conduct basic research. It makes use of the teaching and research Staff of the School of Engineering in the same way the agricultural Extension Service utilizes research findings of our staff and sources of information known to our profeso teachers and investigators in serving agriculture Thus the small staff employed for IEP acts as liaison between the School of Engineering and the industries of the state. ment During the first year of operation principal accompliatments were (1) But Construction and demonstrations of a small, shuttle furnace, useful for solving Jos firing ceramics insulators, and for

Insert -> This program strives to utilize native now materials in profitable manufacturing processes and to render service to small in dustrice which cannot afford to engage - professional assistance.

heat teatment of metals . (2) Construction and use if a pilot plant for making components for the electronic in duality from native materials such as mica, tale, Kaolin and Jeldspor. (3) Partial complet Progress in nong native marble for terazzo and in making ceramic wall tile from native materials . (4) Publication of two reprints of technical articles and of five original bulletins useful to many industries. (5) Preparation, with assistance and cooperation of the School of Forestry, of a handbook for making wood particle board (chip. board) by farmiture from wood wastes by furniture manufacturers. (6) Direct in-plant assistance to industries, through correspondence, visits, film-lending service -

The current appropriation provides the four staffs members, sicluding a secretary, and a maintenance budget with Junes for labor, supplies, travel, printing, etc. opportunities for ander

the program exceed the by a wile margin what can be accomplicited by the present staff and budget. accomplishments to date show what can be done and the anonglos of the proposed projects given in the formal request for doubling the unrent appropriation have great potential value to the industrial development of the state.

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH

September 12, 1956

Chancellor J. D. Williams The University of Mississippi University, Mississippi

Dear Chancellor Williams:

I am pleased to answer your questions concerning tenure policies at North Carolina State College. At this time we do not have a policy which has been approved by the Board of Trustees of the Consolidated University of North Carolina, of which we are a part. It is quite possible that the Chancellors of the Woman's College and the University in Chapel Hill will report to you a alightly different policy than the one we follow here. A policy for the entire University is in process of preparation. Your questions are answered as follows:

1. There is no minimum number of years for service before tenure is received.

2. Tenure is automatic when the rank of Professor is granted. We have been following a policy that Assistant Professors are appointed for three years with indefinite extensions. Associate Professors are initially given five years of tenure with indefinite extensions. Over a period of many years there has never been a question raised about the tenure status of any member of our staff with the rank of Assistant Professor and above. There is one outstanding exception when we used the principle of a three-year limit for Assistant Professors in order to terminate the service of an individual.

3. Temure decisions are made when promotions in rank are approved. These initiate with Departments and come to my office by way of Deans of Schools and the Dean of the Faculty.

4. Tenure cannot be achieved by individuals with the rank of Instructor.

5. There are no laws in North Carolina which would be in conflict with academic temure policies.

I shall look forward to seeing you at the meetings and to hearing your report on this matter.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH

August 31, 1956

Dean J. H. Lampe School of Engineering North Carolina State College

Dear Dean Lampe:

I would like to share with you a few impressions we gleaned from our presentations to the Board of Higher Education, last Tuesday, August 28. I used very gladly the suggestions made by you and Dr. Bell for a more effective explanation of our requests for the I.E.P. budgets. Major McLendon wondered if this activity was not very closely related to efforts being made by the Department of Conservation and Development. Before I could give an answer, Mr. Hiden Ramsey replied that the Conservation and Development Department should be very greatly interested in such a program but that he could see that it would have to be conducted with our Engineering laboratories as the logical home base.

Dr. Purks asked if we proposed to continue the Minerals Research Laboratory in Asheville. I responded that we do with no duplication of work but with proper integration and complementation.

No indication was given as to their reaction for approving the request for doubling the current appropriation. Nothing in the discussion indicated that they had already decided that there should not be any increase. We shall wait and see.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

CHB:H

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH

August 2, 1956

Dr. W. W. Pierson, Acting Chancellor Woman's College Greensboro, North Carolina

Dear Dr. Pierson:

We are greatly interested in the future administration and policies of the School of Home Economics at the Woman's College. While Dr. Roberts was Dean of the School a great deal of progress was made in developing cooperation with our Agricultural Extension Service and Agricultural Experiment Station. A considerable degree of mutual confidence and respect replaced the former attitudes the nature of which you are aware.

Our Agricultural Extension Service has great need of graduates in Home Economics to take positions as home agents. There are thousands of 4-H Club girls interested in careers in Home Economics. We would like to see large numbers of them enroll at the Woman's College and continue their interest in becoming home agents.

Only in recent years have funds of the Agricultural Experiment Station been used at the Woman's College. A number of years ago the Dean of Agriculture and Director of Agricultural Research told Chancellor Graham that research projects in Home Economics would be approved at the Woman's College when staff members qualified to conduct research were engaged. It is very important, therefore, that the replacement for Dean Roberts have an understanding and appreciation of the Agricultural Extension Service and research in foods and nutrition.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

CHB:H

January 9, 1956

Dean John W. Shirley 110 Holladay Hall North Carolina State College

Dear Dean Shirley:

On November 14, 1955, the Executive Committee of the Board of Trustees approved our recommendation for your appointment as Dean of the Faculty, effective November 15, 1955. The term of this appointment is indefinite, but it is my hope that you will find the opportunities for promoting the academic affairs of the college so interesting and the results of your work so satisfying that you will wish to continue for a number of years. It is understood that you will ratain your appointment as Professor of English with permanent termre.

I believe we have a good understanding of how your responsibilities as Dean of the Faculty will begin on an advisory basis to the Administrative Council and the Chancellor and will gradually evolve to a position carrying full and direct responsibility for various activities. Areas which are in greatest need of your attention are teaching schedules, use of space, curriculs, cost of instruction, appointments, promotions, admissions and academic standards, relations of aponsored research to academic programs, publications, student-faculty relations, and faculty welfare.

Two areas which are not now assigned to any of our administrative divisions are the Library and the Extension Division. I would like to aak that you assume direct responsibility for these two divisions. I shall write to Directors Brown and Ruggles informing them of this arrangement.

It is very gratifying to note the manner in which you have already recognized many opportunities for serving in this new position and have proceeded to initiate appropriate studies and action. I am confident that the academic affairs of State College will go forward under your guidance.

It is my hope that you will derive much enjoyment and satisfaction from the varied activities which will engage you as Dean of the Faculty. I am very grateful for your willingness to undertake this assignment and dm confident that you will receive the full cooperation of all the deans.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

OF

Agriculture and Engineering of the University of North Carolina

RALEIGH

OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR

July 16, 1956

To: All Deans, Directors, and Department Heads

From: Carey H. Bostian, Chancellor

Subject: Personnel Policies and Procedures

As State College grows ever-larger, we are confronted in every phase of our operations with problems of personnel brought about by inadequate staffing, increased work loads, personnel turnover, and increasing time-lag between recognition of a need and effective action to meet the need. Some of these problems may be attributed to budgetary limitations, statutory regulations, and a shortage of trained personnel in the labor market. But at least some of the problems, I believe, may be attributed to our own failure to have established procedures which will insure that we are regularly reviewing all our activities and are constantly making maximum use of the personnel and resources at our disposal.

In recognition of the urgency of these problems, I am delegating to Dr. John W. Shirley, Dean of the Faculty, and to Mr. J. G. Vann, Business Manager, the responsibility for establishing more effective personnel procedures in the academic and nonacademic areas respectively. With this responsibility, I am delegating the necessary authority, within State, Consolidated University, and College policies, to implement these procedures. And while I am not specifying in detail the procedures to be followed, I am hopeful that the following objectives can be met in the respective areas in which they apply:

- A strengthening of channels of communication will be organized and administered so that there is constant and periodic review of each employee and of the effectiveness of his work, and each employee and faculty member is constantly informed of his privileges and responsibilities.
- Documents pertaining to personnel changes or change of status will be standardized, and procedures will be simplified in the interest of speedier handling and more adequate records to form the basis for sounder judgment in treating personnel matters.
- Centralized personnel records will be developed and maintained in each area, with a perpetual summary of employees and faculty members in various categories made available at all times.
- 4. A classification and pay plan will be evolved which will treat all employees uniformly and fairly. Pay and budget records will be so organized and correlated that a continual review of budgets, uncommitted funds or positions, may be determined at any time. Enough

flexibility should be maintained in this regard, if possible, that a reserve to meet critical needs may be developed.

- A central employment center will be organized to assist departments in the recruitment, selection, training, and promotion of all nonacademic personnel.
- 6. Records of work loads and performance will be standardized in such a way that critical needs may be readily determined, so that the limited number of new positions made possible through periodic increases in our operating budgets may be allocated swiftly to meet these critical needs.

In announcing to you the assignment of this responsibility to Dean Shirley and Mr. Vann, I want to emphasize that the effectiveness of their efforts will be measured directly in proportion to your own contributions to this program. Major responsibility for successful personnel management rests with the Deans, Directors, and Department Heads, and no program will succeed unless it is understood, accepted, and carried out at the departmental level. Thus it is essential that each of you offers constructive suggestions at every stage of the development of these procedures and policies. Only by such cooperative effort can we evolve a simple yet effective way of meeting the multitude of personnel problems which we know will face us in the years ahead.

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING

OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH

July 27, 1956

Mr. William C. Friday, Acting President The University of North Carolina Chapel Hill, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Friday:

I am writing concerning our desire to offer a Master of Science program in Metallurgical Engineering. From one angle this is a new program. On the other hand, Master's degrees were awarded in the Department of Mechanical Engineering in this area prior to September 1, 1954.

Dr. W. W. Austin is a metallurgist of considerable experience in teaching and research. He holds the M.S. and Ph.D. degrees from Vanderbilt University in the field of Chemistry and Metallurgy. He joined our staff February 5, 1952, as Associate Professor of Mechanical Engineering replacing Dr. A. G. Guy, who previous to his resignation had offered advanced courses and had directed theses in Metallurgy. These degrees in Mechanical Engineering were not listed as being in Metallurgy.

On July 1, 1954, our Departments of Geological Engineering and Ceramic Engineering were combined to become a Department of Mineral Industries and Dr. Austin was named head. The Master of Science degree had been given previously in these two areas and we have continued to offer them in these two separate fields. With Dr. Austin as head of this department, it seems appropriate that advanced degrees in Metallurgical Engineering be given by the Department of Mineral Industries with the designation of Metallurgical Engineering.

The graduate program for the M.S. degree in Metallurgical Engineering has been approved by Dean Anderson and our Administrative Board of the Graduate School. Dean Shirley and I have investigated enrollments in courses which students would take studying for this degree. There are no new courses involved. Enrollments in the courses have been running from five to fifteen students each. With the increase in numbers of students taking various phases of nuclear engineering, the courses in Metallurgical Engineering will be taken by more and more students. About half of these courses will be offered in alternate years. Mr. William C. Friday

We are confident that no classes will be taught exclusively for graduate students in Metallurgical Engineering except MIM 695, Metallurgical Engineering Research. Usually research courses are taught on an informal basis and are not counted as a part of a teacher's load.

We, therefore, seek approval for offering the Master of Science degree in Metallurgical Engineering, effective September 1956.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

CHB:H

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH

July 27, 1956

Mr. D. S. Coltrane The Budget Bureau Raleigh, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Coltrane:

Attached is a letter from Dean Colvard requesting approval for four supplements which have been authorized by the Executive Committee of the Agricultural Foundation. You will note that these have the approval of Acting President Friday. They are to be effective August 1, 1956. I recommend very strongly their approval because I am personally acquainted with all four individuals and know how difficult it would be to replace them if they yield to the temptation of accepting higher offers elsewhere.

Mr. Friday has also approved my recommendation that the total salary being paid Dean D. W. Colvard be increased from $\frac{1}{4}L_{1,000}$ to $\frac{1}{5,000}$ with the increase to come from the special R. J. Reynolds Fund given to the College around fifteen years ago for supplementing salaries in Agriculture.

At the present time Dr. Colvard is receiving \$10,000 annually from State funds distributed \$4000 from the College, \$4000 from the Station, and \$2000 from Agricultural Extension, and \$4000 from the R. J. Reynolds Fund.

The amount from State sources is from \$1000 to \$2000 less than that being paid other Deans with the exception of Dean Campbell where the Textile Foundation pays an unusually large share of his salary.

We would like this change in Dr. Colvard's salary to be effective July 1, 1956.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

CHB:H Enclosure

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH

July 25, 1956

Mr. William C. Friday, Acting President The University of North Carolina Chapel Hill, North Carolins

Dear Mr. Friday:

I appreciate your prompt response and approval for the allocation of profits from the operation of the Students Supply Stores for the year ending March 31, 1956. From the enclosed copies of letters you will note that your suggestion to allocate all of the profits for scholarships has been followed.

Further explanation is made for the failure to award approximately \$7000 to non-athletes last year. This was due partly to the desire of the Committee on Scholarships and Student Aid to build a reserve for use in future years. We can take \$7000 from the current profits of the Stores and add to the \$28,626.30 to be placed in the special account being established but doing so will reduce funds available for both types of grants next year.

The Committee on Scholarships and Student Aid will be greatly pleased to know that we have at last established a separate account for their funds and that henceforth they can know that unexpended funds will be carried ahead.

I believe you are fully aware of the situation involving our profits from the Students Supply Stores in that we make allocations on the basis of profits for the fiscal year ending the previous March 31 but are having to take funds from the current year's operation in order to meet the commitments. We are making progress gradually toward eliminating this undesirable feature and this year before July 1 every bill for tuition and meals was paid.

Very truly yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

CHB:H

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH

July 25, 1956

Mr. J. G. Vann Business Office

Dear Mr. Vann:

Acting President Friday has approved our recommendation that the net profits of \$71,565.75 from the operation of the Students Supply Stores for the year ending March 31, 1956, be allocated to athletic and nonathletic scholarships as follows:

Athletic awards		\$42,939.45
Non-athlet	ic awards	28,626.30

Mr. Friday has also approved our establishing a special account to be known as "State College Scholarship Fund - Account B." All non-athletic awards made by the Committee on Scholarships and Student Aid will be charged against this account and any remaining funds from the allocation of \$28,626.30 is to be left in the account and available for awards in future years.

At this time we are not making a special allocation for the expenses of the Committee on Scholarships and Student Aid pending the possibility of including this item in our requests for using the Contract Research Overhead Fund for next year. If this latter proposal is not approved, we shall then expect the Committee on Scholarships and Student Aid to take their expenses from the allocation of \$28,626.30.

Very truly yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

CHB:H cc: Mr. William C. Friday

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

July 23, 1956

Dr. Henry W. Garren Poultry Department North Carolina State College

Dear Dr. Garren:

In making plans for the housing and feeding of those attending the meetings of the Poultry Science Association, you should be aware of our regulations concerning Megroes.

Any Megro who is a member of the Foultry Science Association or who is entitled to attend these meetings may be provided housing in the domnitories if he is quartered in the part of a domnitory occupied only by other individuals attending this same meeting.

Megroes may also be provided meals at the Union or the Cafeteria as long as they eat with other individuals attending the Poultry Science meetings.

There should be no question of their privilege of going to meetings in various suditoriums.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

CHB:H CC: Mr. J. G. Vann Mr. J. S. Fulghum Mr. Gerald Erdahl

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

July 19, 1956

Mr. William C. Friday, Acting President The University of North Carolina Chapel Hill, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Friday:

Net profits from the operation of the Students' Supply Stores for the year ending March 31, 1956, were \$71,565.75.

Previously a recommendation was made to Acting President Furks on January 27, 1956, that these profits be divided three ways as follows: 57.5% for athletic scholarships; 37.5% for non-athletic scholarships; and 5% for the betterment of student organizations and college property. Subsequently Dr. Purks and you have expressed a disinclination to take such a recommendation to the Trustees' Committee because of the precedent which would be established in using such funds for purposes other than scholarships.

Since a final decision has not yet been made and our students are likely to raise the question again next fall, I would like to recommend that the net profits of last year be allocated as follows:

\$2,000	Expenses of Scholarship	Committee	during	1956-57
26,000	Non-athletic awards			
39,000	Athletic awards			
	5 Unallocated		4	

\$71,565.75

The unallocated sum of \$4,565.75 represents slightly more than the 5% recommended by the students for their discretionary use. We can make a final decision about this at a later date.

The division of the remaining funds for athletic and non-athletic scholarships is in the ratio of 60 to 40, which is the same ratio used this past year for profits carned during the year ending March 31, 1955. The sum of \$26,000 for non-athletic awards represents an increase of \$4,000 which was made available to the Committee last year although they used only \$15,000 of the \$22,000 which had been allocated.

If these recommendations meet with your approval, we are going to take a step which is very desirable and establish in the Business Office a special account for non-athletic scholarships and place therein the \$26,000 so that any unused portion during this year can be easily carried forward for another year's use.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH

July 13, 1956

Mr. William C. Friday, Acting President The University of North Carolina Chapel Hill, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Friday:

Arrangements have been made for Colvard and Weaver to join us at 12:00 o'clock noon on Tuesday, the 24th, prior to your conference with Governor Hodges and Mr. Coltrane at 2:30 that afternoon. We are grateful for your interest in getting this problem before the Governor and shall hope that he will understand and appreciate the need for accepting these new Federal funds.

I would like to direct your attention to another matter at this time. There has not been a change in the salary being paid Dean Colvard since July 1, 1954. Currently he is receiving a total salary of \$14,000 with approximately \$4,000 from the College, \$4,000 from the Station, \$2,000 from Extension, and \$4,000 from Miscellaneous Gifts. The latter source is the R. J. Reynolds Fund. I have discussed the desirability of making an increase in this salary with Mr. Ray and Mr. Vann. All three of us recommend that effective July 1, 1956, the supplement from the Reynolds Fund be increased to \$5,000 annually. This proposed salary of \$15,000 will still be below that being received by many Deans of Agriculture at other Land-Grant Colleges.

Recently the Dean of Agriculture at Kentucky was raised to \$16,000 and is also provided a home. We shall appreciate your favorable consideration of this request and your taking whatever steps are needed to get further approval of it.

For your further information, Dean Campbell is currently receiving a total salary of \$16,190 including \$6,404 from the Textile Foundation; Dean Lampe is receiving a total of \$14,864 with \$3,864 from the Engineering Foundation; and Miss Gertrude Cox is receiving \$15,047 from the College and the Institute of Statistics. We do not propose any changes in the salaries of the three individuals named above but do believe an increase is justified for Dean Colvard.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH

July 13, 1956

Mr. W. D. Cannichael, Jr., Vice President and Finance Officer The University of North Carolina Chapel Hill, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Carmichaelt

The unpaved parking areas adjacent to the Coliseum have been a serious problem ever since we began using the building. In had weather they are terrible for the users and constantly present a problem of maintenance in our efforts to keep them usable.

The larger field, several hundred feet east of the Coliseum, serves as the principal R.O.T.C. drill field and an intramural playing field. After a rainy night with large numbers of cars attracted to the Coliseum, the field becomes almost a morass, and is difficult to get in shape for any further use for several days. The lots on either side of the Coliseum are in constant use as one of the principal student and staff parking spaces on the campus and in bad weather also present a problem.

In the interest of solving this problem on a permanent basis, our Athletic Association has made a proposal which I heartily endorse, and hope you and Mr. Friday will also endorse, and present to the Finance Committee and ultimately to the Executive Committee.

The proposal is that the three lots or fields be paved (asphalt hard top with rock base) including an area at the back of the Collseum not now usable for parking. The Athletic Association has a firm bid of \$60,000 for the entire project. It is proposed that the Association be entended a lean of this amount from the University Eschests Fund, repayable at the rate of \$15,000 per year beginning one year after date of loan.

This proposal would not only solve the very troublesome problem of parking in bad weather but would also make the larger field an ideal drill field. It would also be entirely satisfactory for use of classes in physical education and for intramural games.

We hope you and Mr. Friday will feel that you can support this request.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

CHB:H

oc: Mr. William C. Friday Mr. J. G. Vann Mr. Roy Clogston

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH

July 11, 1956

Mr. W. McNeil Lowry The Ford Foundation 477 Madison Avenue New York 22, New York

Dear Mr. Lowry:

North Carolina State College was established by the General Assembly of the State in an act ratified March 7, 1887. Chapter 202 of the North Carolina Public Laws of 1931 describes the act which consolidated this College, the North Carolina College for Women, and the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill in one institution called "The University of North Carolina." Section 2 of this act reads as follows:

"That The North Carolina State College of Agriculture and Engineering shall from and after the ratification of this act be conducted and operated as part of The University of North Carolina. It shall be located at Raleigh, North Carolina, and shall be known as The North Carolina State College of Agriculture and Engineering of The University of North Carolina."

Section 12 provides further that each branch of the University shall receive gifts, endowments, grants, etc., to be administered by each unit. The exact legal name of this institution is "The North Carolina State College of Agriculture and Engineering of the University of North Carolina."

The act of consolidation, Section 13 of Chayter 202 of North Carolina Public Laws of 1931, reaffirmed previous legislation including the tax exempt status of each branch of the University. Section 7, Chapter 406, of the North Carolina Public Laws of 1907 provides as follows:

"The lands and other property belonging to the corporation shall be exempt from taxation."

We hope that this information will be satisfactory for the legal and accounting restrictions involved in the making of the grant to us for supporting the released time of faculty for educational television. We regret also that this information was not furnished you with the original application.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH

June 16, 1956

Mr. Roy B. Clogston, Director Department of Athletics North Carolina State College

Dear Mr. Clogston:

This will present the current understanding we have about your assuming the Directorship of the Colissum in addition to your duties as Director of Athletics on October 17, 1956.

1. Concessions will be handled by the Students Supply Stores beginning July 1, 1956.

2. The Colissum Engineer and the small staff of full-time junitors will continue to work exclusively at the Colissum and under the Director of the Colissum as is now the case.

3. The cleaning of the building after special events will be done by Maintenance and Operations on a full reinbursable basis with the collaboration of the Colissum Engineer and the full-time staff of janitors.

4. Beginning July 1, 1956, the Department of Maintenance and Operations will assume responsibility for all repairs to the building. Repairs to equipment will be done either by Maintenance and Operations or by the Coliseum Engineer, depending upon the nature of the equipment and as deeided by mutual agreement.

5. Mr. W. Z. Betts and the present secretary, Mrs. Hannon, will remain in their present positions until October 17, 1956.

6. The budget for the Coliscum for 1956-57 will be divided into two parts with October 17 as the dividing point. Employees of the Athletic Department including yourself, who will be joint employees after October 17, will have their full salaries paid by the Athletic Department until that date.

7. The ticket manager will be responsible to the Director of the Coliseum. He will issue tickets according to instructions from the Director of the Coliseum after policies have been approved by the administration. An exact record of every complimentary ticket will be hept and no complimentary tickets issued except by written request of the Director of the Mr. Roy B. Clogston

Coliseum. During the five days immediately preceding any event, complimentary tickets may be issued upon written request of the Business Manager, Assistant to the Chancellor for Public Relations, and the Chancellor.

8. The salary of the Director of Athletics and of the Colissum will be at least \$11,000, effective July 1, 1955, and will be increased to \$12,000 annually on July 1, 1957.

If this statement does not agree with your understanding, I shall be glad to comfer with you after my return to the campus on July 5.

Very truly yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

CHB:H cc: Mr. William C. Friday Mr. J. G. Vann

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING

OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH

June 14, 1956

Mr. Colvin T. Leonard, Editor The Greensboro Record Greensboro, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Leonard:

Mr. Mose Kiser kindly sent me a copy of your editorial of June 6 and of his letter to you concerning your observations. In addition to the very appropriate comments he made, I would like to provide further clarification of the situation.

From a national standpoint your opinion that the enrollment of 70% of our new students in engineering is proper and no cause for alaum may be justified. For North Carolina the situation is guite different.

Our agricultural, forestry, and textile enterprises have much greater need for graduates than do the industries of the state which employ engineers. Multe the industrial development of our state is moving forward, the agricultural income of North Carolina has increased at a higher rate during the last ten years than is true for the United States. Some agricultural enterprises such as delrying, beef cattle, and poultry have made remarkable gains during the past ten years and progress has been impeded by the lack of a sufficient number of college graduates trained in these fields.

We believe that the first obligation of North Carolina State College is to serve our own state.

If you would like to have statistical information bearing on the progress being made in agriculture, Dean D. W. Colvard would be pleased to furnish you some interesting and significant information.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

CHB:H cc: Mr. Mose Kiser Commissioner L. Y. Ballentine

GUILFORD DAIRY COOPERATIVE ASSOCIATION

DRAWER M-2, WEST MARKET STREET EXTENSION

GREENSBORO, N. C.

PHONE 3-0573

June 8, 1956

Dr. Carey Bostian, Chancellor North Carolina State College Raleigh, North Carolina

Dear Dr. Bostian:

For your information, I am enclosing a copy of a letter to the editor of the <u>Greensboro Record</u>, and also, a copy of the editorial that appeared in the <u>Greensboro Record</u> on June 6.

Sincerely,

rosekiser

Mose Kiser

MK/ajm

Enc.

June 8, 1956

Mr. Colvin T. Leonard, Editor The Greensboro Record Greensboro, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Leonard:

I read with interest your editorial on Wednesday, June 6, 1956, "No Cause For Alarm." I find it necessary to agree with Dr. Bostian and Commissioner Ballentine for the following reasons.

We cannot train the needed personnel for scientific agriculture overnight. I certainly have to agree with you that production is up today on many farms. But with the anticipated increase in population by 1965, and certainly by 1975, it is necessary that we keep young people today interested in studying scientific agriculture. I am thinking of the supply of properly trained county agents and arricultural teachers for our rural areas. Also, there is a great need for trained personnel in dairy manufacturing, horticulture, agronomy and mechanized agriculture.

I have left out trained workers in poultry science, because I want to emphasize this. North Carolina is fast becoming a broilet center of the United States, namely, Chatham Sounty. The class of 1956 of North Carolina State College had only three to graduate with a b. S. degree in poultry science.

Perhaps we should all be worried about the majority of top flight high school students who are not able to go to college at all for lack of financial assistance.

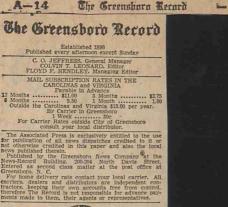
I am writing this letter in the friendly spirit as a challenge to all of us, so that we may do more research and come up with the proper answer. Let's not become self-satisfied, and therefore, in twenty-five, or thirty years, a hungry nation!

Sincerely,

Mose Kiser

MK/ajm

BC: Dr. Carey Bostian Commissioner L. Y. Ballentine



WEDNESDAY, JUNE 6, 1956

No Cause For Alarm

Dr. Carey Bostian, chancellor of State College, has professed alarm at the decline in the number of young people seeking careers in agriculture. He told a Raleigh audience that more than 70 per cent of the new enrollees for next fall's term at State want to study engineering and he expressed a wish that more of them had chosen farming. Similar concern was expressed by Commissioner of Agriculture L. Y. Ballentine.

We claim to be no match for Dr. Bostian or Ballentine in knowledge of such matters but we make bold to say that there's nothing alarming about the enrollee situation at State College.

Farm statistics are not at hand but in general it is true that not nearly as many people are making their living off the land as once did and that the number is still declining. It is also true that not nearly as much land is devoted to agriculture as there used to be, and that the shrinkage in agricultural acreage is still going on.

Obviously, this trend needs to stop some-where lest we become a nation which does not produce enough farm products to sustain life. But it is also obvious that such time is still a long way off. But it is also obvious Despite the fact of fewer farmers and diminished farm acreage, the farm production trend has been going up instead of down in recent years. This is because advances in the mechanics and science of farming have more than offset the curtailment of farm personnel and acreage.

The result, of course, instead of short-ages is surpluses. And instead of encouraging more production, the government is actually preparing under the soil bank act to pay farmers for taking and keep-ing land out of production. Under such circumstances, it appears that the nation would benefit from a slackening off for a while longer in the number of young people entering agriculture. Meanwhile, a matter which is causing concern and alarm is the insufficient num-

ber of engineering graduates to fill all the country's engineering jobs in this technological age. This is a matter which is even the more serious in view of Soviet Russia's accomplishment of turning out engineers in adequate numbers while this nation lags behind.

With this problem in mind, Dr. Bostian's disclosure that 70 per cent of next fall's State College freshmen will study engineering seems highly appropriate. *

*

A-13 ..



and **GINETTE** in A Ginny Queen Doll

Only One In Town

get your coloring blank here and my & Ginette in their matching When you complete your entry to us. All entries become the of Summit Toy & Hobby.

y & Ginette coloring contest began h and continues thru June 9th. est is open to all girls who have hed their twelfth birthday. You the one to win the beautiful Ginny te Doll ... get your entry now!



AT Restaurant June 12th o 5:30 P. M.

s showing of Vogue st time in the South. of the coloring conawarded their prizes





OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH

June 12, 1956

MEMORANIUM TO: Mr. William C. Friday Mr. W. D. Carmichael, Jr. Mr. William P. Saunders Mr. L. Y. Ballentine Dean D. W. Colvard Dr. J. W. Pou

You will be interested in seeing the following statement taken from the Circular Letter of June 8, 1956, from the Office of the Executive Secretary, American Association of Land-Grant Colleges and State Universities:

"Action in Site for Federal Animal Disease Research Facility. U. S. Depart-ment of Agriculture has sent wires to the Presidents of all Land-Grant institutions, asking those institutions which desire to be considered as sites for the new \$19 million animal disease research facility of the Department of Agriculture to submit information as to their interest by June 21. Detailed criteria under which site proposals will be evaluated has also been sent cut. A committee on site recommendations will include representatives of farm groups and the Land-Grant institutions. This committee is expected to meet in St. Louis June 27 with interested applicants, and to recommend a small list of alternate acceptable sites to the Secretary of Agriculture for his decision. One of the criteria is that the facility must be located at or near a Land-Grant institution which has either a School or College of Veterinory Medicine. or a strong animal disease research unit if not a degreegranting school.

"Meamshile there has been a flurry of resolutions in the Congress as to the site location. Senator Humphrey of Minnesota has introduced a bill to locate the facility at or near University of Minnesota; Senator Bennett of Utah has a bill to locate it at or near Utah State Agricultural College: Senator Divissen of Illinois a joint resolution authorizing construction of the facility and prescribing a procedure for site selection by U.S.D.A.

"Senator Murray and Representative Metcalf of Montana have introduced bills to locate the facility at or near Montana State College.

"Time allowed for action by the colleges to present their cases was admittedly short, but it was explained that only by such speedy action can a report be made back to Congress in time to get funds for a start on the project during the coming fiecal year. Search for a site was precipitated by refusal of Concreas to approve location of the new facility at the U.S.D.A. research center at Beltsville, Md."

> Carey H. Bostian Chancellor.

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

KALEIGH

June 11, 1956

Mr. Roy Clogston, Director Athletic Department North Carolina State College

Dear Mr. Clogston:

Now that Cliff Hafer has been readmitted and before we get involved with another similar case, which I earnestly hope never occurs, there are a few comments which I would like to pass on to you.

Mr. Hafer was reinstated at an earlier date than recommended by the Judicial Board because several of my associates in the administration agreed with me that it was the right and proper thing to do. We realize, however, that we have run considerable risk of endangering a high degree of mitual respect involving students and administration.

It is my belief that the members of the Judicial Board would not have insisted that Mr. Hafer remain out of school until September if their integrity and homesty had not been publicly questioned. The condemnation and vilification heaped upon them by sports writers and publicists was completely undeserved and came about from misrepresentations of facts. It is my earnest hope that we shall never again have a member of our athletic teams so much as suspected of a violation of our rules and regulations. If a member of our teams is convicted of an infraction and is suspended for a period of time, I hope that every member of the Athletic staff will be very careful about his activities on behalf of the individual. Our Head Coaches have conducted themselves with excellent deportment in such matters and it is hoped that all of their assistants will do likewise.

Please do not assume that I would want any coach or friend of an accused student to refrain from participating in his behalf. We must always endeavor to see that the innocent are never convicted and that the guilty are treated with equal and fair justice. It is entirely proper for a student to appeal if he thinks he has not had a fair trial or that he has not received a just punishment. It is also proper for his friends to appear before the Appeal Board in his behalf.

It is my desire to improve the relationships of all segments of our students and faculty and to have our athletic programs and teams held in the highest regard by students, faculty, and the public.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

June 13, 1956

Dean Malcolm Campbell School of Textiles North Carolina State College

Dear Dean Campbell:

I am very grateful for your willingness to accept the chairmanship of the State College Television Advisory Council for 1956-57.

It is my hope that the Council will become as familiar with current operations of the Studio as possible and advise with Mr. Johnston frequently about current programs and the initiation of new ones. It is my hope that members of the Council will make their respective schools more aware of the opportunities provided by the facility and will enlist a higher degree of active participation.

It is also essential that the complete program be constantly reviewed and apprecised in order that we may have a better basis for trying to get more adequate support from the Legislature and grounds for making a decision about the continuation of the enterprise.a year from now if additional funds are not obtained.

As Chairman of the Council, I suggest that you confer with Mr. Johnston about the total membership of the Council. It is ny suggestion that every School be represented. Mr. Johnston has already contacted A. C. Menius, D. S. Weaver, Preston W. Edsall, Fred D. Cochran, and William A. Newell, about serving and all have agreed. It seems to me that we should have additional representatives from the Schools of Design, Education and Forestry.

I would like for the Council to consider and make recommendations to me for all changes in personnel on the staff and for any significant changes in the general plan of operation of the studio. I shall be glad to discuss the enterprise with you at any time.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

ee: Mr. Roy Johnston

May 3, 1956

TO: MEMBERS OF THE TRUSTRES' COMMITTEE FOR NAMING BUILDINGS AT STATE COLLEGE

Mr. Mark C. Lassiter Mr. Roy Rows Mr. Shelton Wicker

Gentlemen;

Your consideration is requested of recommendations for maning two buildings at State College and for the designation of the Richlands Creek Forest as the Carl Alvin Schenck Manorial Forest.

We are very desirous of maning our Civil Engineering Building in honor of Professor Carroll Mann, Sr. Professor Mann retired July 1, 1948, as Head of the Department of Civil Engineering after having been a member of the staff since 1900. He graduated with a B.S. in Civil Engineering at State College in 1899 and received the degree C.E. in 1906. From 1916 until his retirement he served as head of the department. This recommendation comes with the approval of the head of the department of Civil Engineering, the Dean of the School of Engineering, and Acting President Friday.

We are proposing that the warehouse building, commonly referred to in recent years as the M & O Building, be maned in honor of Mr. W. F. Marris. This building is headquarters for the Department of Maintenance and Operations directed by Mr. Morris for many years and until his retirement February 1, 1953. Mr. Morris graduated at State College in 1909 and during most of the time since then has been a member of our staff.

Both of these men are now living and naming buildings for them violates a principle which was formerly adheared to without exception. There have been two exceptions in recent years at the University in Chapel Hill in naming the Library a few months ago and in naming Carroll Hall several years ago. We would like to honor these men while they are still living and, therefore, request your favorable consideration of these recommendations.

We would like to propose that a tract of land owned by the College and used by the School of Forestry as a demonstration forest be named the Carl Alvin Schenck Memorial Forest. This area is currently referred to as the Richlands Creek Forest and is located about one mile northwest of the State Fairgrounds. Dr. Schenck founded the old Biltmore Forest School in western North Carolina as the first training school for forestry in the United States. He considered our School of Forestry a continuation of this School at Biltmore which went out of existence many years ago.

Committee for Naming Buildings

-2-

Dr. Schenck received an honorary degree here some years ago and left to the College his Library at his death a year or so ago. Friends of Dr. Schenck and alumni of the Biltmore School have provided funds for establishing the Carl Alwin Schenck Distinguished Professorship and will provide an endowment fund sufficient to landscape an area of about one acre in the Memorial Forest we wish to bear his name.

I shall be glad to furnish additional information, if you have any questions and shall appreciate hearing from you if you approve.

If approval is received from all of you, I would like to ask Mr. Lassiter to make the recommendations to the Board of Trustees at the meeting on May 28.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

CHB:H

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING

OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH

April 28, 1956

Mr. William C. Friday, Acting President The University of North Carolina Chapel Hill, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Friday:

I would like to have your approval for requesting the Trustees' Committee on Naming Buildings at State College that we name our Civil Engineering building in honor of Professor C. L. Mann, our building for the Department of Maintenance and Operations for W. F. Morris, and the Richlands Creek Forest in honor of Carl Alwin Schenck.

The first two of these recommendations involve naming buildings for living individuals. We made this request to the Committee of the Trustees several years ago when Dr. Poe was the chairman. He declined consideration of the recommendation because of a policy that no building be named for a living individual. Since then the Library at Chapel Hill has been named for a man still living and previously Carroll Hall had been similarly named. There is very strong sentiment for naming the Civil Engineering building in honor of Professor Mann while he is yet living. As you know, he was head of the Department for many years. Honoring Professor L. L. Vaughan with an honorary degree this year makes even more appropriate naming the C. E. building for Professor Mann.

There is also strong local sentiment for naming the old warehouse building which has been renovated and remodeled during the last two years in honor of W. F. Morris.

The alumni of the old Biltmore Forestry School have previously established the Carl Alwin Schenck Distinguished Professorship and have recently proposed several additional memorials to honor the father of forestry education in this country. I am attaching the recommendation which came from Dean Preston in this regard. We would like to recommend to the Trustees' Committee on Naming Buildings that the Richlands Creek Forest be designated the Carl Alwin Schenck Memorial Forest. The other two proposals need not be considered by the Trustees.

I shall appreciate your consideration of these recommendations and the return of Dean Preston's letter.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

CHB:H Enclosure The Committee for Naming Buildings at State College makes the following recommendations:

1. That the Civil Engineering Building be named in honor of Professor Carroll Mann, Sr., who is now Professor Emeritus of Civil Engineering.

Professor Mann graduated at State College in 1899 and was a member of the staff from 1900 until his retirement in 1948. From 1916 until retirement he served as head of the Department of Civil Engineering.

- 2. That the headquarters building for the Department of Maintenance and Operations be named in honor of Mr. W. F. Morris. Mr. Morris graduated at State College in 1909 and during most of his life was a member of the staff at the College. Until his retirement a few years ago he had served for many years as head of the Division of Maintenance and Operations.
- 3. That the Richlands Creek Forest located one mile northwest of the State Fairgrounds be designated the Carl Alwin Schenck Memorial Forest.

Dr. Schenck established the Biltmore Forest School in western North Carolina as the first training school for Forestry in the United States. He received an honorary degree from State College in 1952. Friends of Dr. Schenck have endowed the Schenck Distinguished Professorship of Forestry and are now prepared to provide an endowment fund sufficient to landscape and maintain in perpetuity an area of about one acre in the memorial forest to be named in his honor.

I move that these recommendations be approved.

May 28, 1956

Mary 1956

School of Agriculture:

(b) Locations Leased by College	5
(n) Todagtons Teaser ny correge	
(c) Locations owned by others but used	
cooperatively by us (Field Experiments)	107
Tobacco: 16	
Field Crops 35	
TVA 1	
Plant Path. 3	
Soils 52	
107	

School of Education:

School of Engineering:

(a) Locations Owned by College (Minerals Res.Lab.) 1

School of Forestry:

(a)	Locations Owned by College	4
	Hofmann Forest, Jacksonville Hill Forest Camp. Durham	1.1.1
	Richlands Creek Forest, near Raleigh	
	Moore County Forest	

(b) Locations Leased by College 1 Wayah Bald, Franklin

College Extension:

(a)	Locations	Owned	py	College	(Gaston	Tech.	Inst.)	1
(c)	Locations				but used			19

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OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

ALLIGH

May 25, 1956

The Secretary, The Ford Foundation 477 Madison Avenue New York 22, New York

Dear Sir:

North Carolina State College wishes to apply for a grant under your program (announced in December, 1955) to help support the released time of faculty for broadcasts over television stations having educational licenses. As one of the component units of the University of North Carolina, State College has a studio and microwave transmitter which originates programs of an educational nature and transmits them to the University transmitter, WUNC-TV, Channal 4.

As the Land-Grant and technical branch of the University of North Carolina, the broadcasts emanating from State College have been largely of the technical and professional variety, representing the fields of our major assignments -- agriculture, design (including architecture and landscape architecture), agricultural and vocational education, engineering, forestry, and textiles. In all of these areas we have been active participants in educational television. The programs proposed by the Schools of Education and Design are in line with our over-all objectives of bringing to the people of Morth Carolina both the practical and the theoretical, the technical and the aesthetic contributions which our professional staff have to offer.

To qualify for this grant, we submit the following information:

1. <u>Contribution to faculty salaries already made</u>. During this school year State College has contributed toward faculty salaries well beyond the \$2,500 per semester required. Almost all of the salaries of Howard M. Wilkinson and Miss Dorothy Mulder of the Agricultural Extension Service during the Fall and Winter semesters, 1954-55, were assigned for their participation in the WUNC-TV programs, Today on the Farm and Today's Homemaker. During the legislative session of the North Carolina General Assembly, Dr. Preston W. Edsall, Head of the Department of History and Political Science, was assigned half-time salary for his presentation of a series on Meet Your Legislature. Total salary allotted to these programs for the spring semester, 1955, was more than \$7,060. Other salary adjustments for television programs were also made during this semester, though this evidence should be more than adequate for certification.

The Ford Foundation

2. Certification of future support by the institution. If the requested grant of \$37,500 is approved by the Ford Foundation, North Carolina State College agrees to continue its support of faculty engaged in television programming to the total amount of \$60,000 for the three-year period. This means that State College would be expected to contribute \$5,000 a year for faculty salaries during the first two years of the grant, and \$12,500 for the third year of the grant.

Attached is a statement by the Director of our Studio that the programs proposed by the School of Design and the Department of Industrial Arts have been planned to fit the over-all programing of the Station.

Proposals submitted by the School of Design and the Department of Industrial Arts are also enclosed.

Should further information be needed, we shall be glad to furnish it.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

CHB:H Enclosures RESIGNATIONS January 1, 1955 - June 30, 1955

 INSTRUCTORS
 9

 ASSISTANT PROFESSORS
 8

 ASSOCIATE PROFESSORS
 4

 C. V. Rue, D. D. Brown, Charles L. Carroll, Jr., Robt. W. Llewellyn

 PROFESSORS
 0

 ADMINISTRATIVE
 0

RESIGNATIONS July 1955 - June 30, 1956

INSTRUCTORS	ш
ASSISTANT PROFESSORS	7
ASSOCIATE PROFESSORS	7 (L. C. Nelson, C. D. McAuliffe, A. C. McClung,
S. B. McCaleb, R. D	. Furlong, Sam Rosenberg (temporary), John L. Evers
PROFESSORS	8 (D. J. Moffie, E. F. Catalano, E. T. York, Jr.,
E. V. Miller, Cliff	ord Hildreth, Arthur R. Eckels, W. L. Lott, H. K. Townes)
ADMINISTRATIVE	2 (Harold P. Hamilton; Ralph L. Burgin)

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH

May 11, 1956

Mr. William C. Friday, Acting President The University of North Carolina Chapel Hill, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Friday:

In response to your request for information concerning faculty resignations, we are submitting a condensed statement as outlined in your letter and are also furnishing more detailed information which will be of interest to you and may be of value to Mr. Bryant.

It is needless to say that we are most grateful to Mr. Bryant for his interest in this problem and hope that his presentation of the matter to the Trustees will arouse their vigorous support.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

CHB:H Enclosures

RESIGNATIONS AND UNFILLED POSITIONS AT NORTH CAROLINA SAFE COLLEGE

from January 1, 1955, until June 30, 1956

- 1. There have been 75 resignations of members of the faculty and 3 from administrative staff during this period of time.
- 2. The latter were the Heads of Agroncey, Psychology, and Architecture.
- Reason for these resignations: The majority of resignations involves accepting
 positions with either industry or other universities at higher salaries. A few
 individuals have given heavy teaching loads as their reason for accepting positions with small differences in salary.

Of the 75 resignations, 31 were to accept positions with industry or trade associations at much higher salaries; 26 have gone to other universities for teaching or research; 10 have gone with the Government.

4. There are currently 33 unfilled positions. The most important of these are:

Head, Department of Psychology Head, Department of Architecture Professor of Electrical Engineering Professor of Chemistry Associate Professor of Agricultural Economics two Associate Professors of Solis

 Replacements are being made with great difficulty and after much delay. Frequently replacements have been made with men less qualified but with the same or higher salaries than were previously being paid.

The headship of Psychology has been vacant for a year and we have not been able to identify an industrial psychologist who would consider the available salary.

It will be more important to raise salaries and retain our present staff members than to have additional funds for hiring replacements.

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH

May 11, 1956

Mr. N. Z. Betts, Director William Neal Reymolds Coliseum North Carolina State College

Dear Mr. Betts:

Recently your request to continue as Director of the Coliseum until October 17, 1956, was discussed with Mr. Vann, Mr. Ray, and nembers of the Coliseum Advisory Committee. Every one was in full accord with my recommondation that your request be approved and it gives me pleasure to so inform you.

This action was taken in appreciation of your expressed intentions to cooperate to the fullest extent in carrying out recommendations of the Committee. We are especially grateful for your aid in helping Mr. Yaum and Mr. Smith become fully acquainted with all the problems and details necessary for making satisfactory plans for the assumption of the care and maintenance of the building by the Division of Maintenance and Operations. It is also understood that you will assist Mr. Ivey in transferring to the Students Supply Stores the concessions and their operation.

It is also recognized that there should be a gradual evolution of changes in personnel between now and October 17 when Mr. Clogston will assume full responsibility for the Coliseum exclusive of concessions and certain aspects of the care and maintenance of the building. Full cooperation with Mr. Clogston will be appreciated as plans are made for the operation of the Coliseum after October 17 in such a way that there will not be any interruption in the schedule of what has been a smooth operation.

Between now and October 17 you are urged to take all the annual leave to which you are entitled. It is my understanding that you have not been taking all the vacation time available to you.

Further consideration is being given to your request that your services at the Coliseum be continued beyond October 17, 1956. If an arrangement satisfactory to you, Mr. Warm, Mr. Clogston, and the Coliseum Advisory Committee can be made, I shall personally be pleased. You will understand, however, that it is not appropriate at this time for me to take the initiative in developing such on arrangement.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Hostian Chancellor

CHBiH Ci cc: Mr. J. G. Venn, Mr. L. L. Ray Mr. Roy Clogston, Dr. H. B. James

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH

May 9, 1956

Mr. D. S. Coltrane The Budget Bureau Raleigh, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Coltrane:

Several weeks ago, Mesars. Friday, Carmichael, Calvard, Vann, and I conferred with you about the necessity for us to make immediate salary adjustments for a few members of our staff in order that we have a better chance of retaining their services. With the understanding that increases could be made from available funds, you gave your approval to the request. We are grateful for your sympathetic understanding of this problem and are now requesting formal approval for the following changes to be effective May 1, 1956:

AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION SERVICE

J. M. Curtis, Specialist in Charge, E	stension Market:	ing F	ron	\$7800	to	\$8200
W. L. Turner, Specialist in Charge, E	ctension Farm M	anagement	11	7920	to	8200
R. B. Redfern, Dairy Extension Special	list		.0	6500	to	7000
F. A. Todd, Extension Plant Pathologi	at.		85	5936	to	6600
J. C. Wells, Extension Plant Patholog	Anilalist			6436	to	7200
Elwood Mintz, Assistant Extension Edi	nitellating		- 68	4140	to	4800
H. M. Wilkinson, Assistant Extension 1	Editor - Radio	8 TV	12			5500

AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION

Jan van Schilfgaarde, Research Assistant Professor of Agricultural Engineering H. A. Ramsey, Research Assistant Professor of Animal	33 37	6245 to 5500 to	
Industry J. L. Apple, Research Assistant Professor, Plant Pathology W. L. Carpenter, Associate Editor-Publications E. B. Murrow, Professor of Horticulture S. V. Taylor, Herdsman, Animal Industry Department	89 89 50	5500 to 5100 to 7920 to 2816 to	6000 8220

A copy of Dean Colvard's letter is attached giving the justification for each increase being requested. I an personally acquainted with all of the individuals and know that not a one could be replaced with an individual of comparable training and usefulness without higher salaries than those now being proposed.

Mr. Friday has been furnished a copy of Dean Colvard's letter and has authorized me to tell you that these increases meet with his approval.

Sincerely yours,

CHB:H Ch

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

May 2, 1956

MEMORANDUM

TO: Mr. J. G. Vann Dean J. W. Shirley

FROM: Carey H. Bostian

The Board of Higher Education has requested the following information about: "All members of the instructional staff and administrative staff not under regulations of the State Personnel Office who are or have been employed in the school year 1955-56: (Do not report on members whose gross compensation is less than \$2400.)

 Total amount paid these individuals during the calendar year 1955 <u>through your Business Office</u>. This will include base salary, summer school compensation, supplements from foundations, from contract or sponsored research, from professional practice, and other sources, including extension work. It is not requested that you seek at this time to report income

from royalties, honoraria, and consulting work which does not pass through your Business Office.

The information here requested can be readily obtained from the W-2 forms reported for 1955 to the District Collector of Internal. Revenue by your Business Office.

The information requested above should be in the first column.

(2) The second column should show academic rank and/or administrative title. Please use the following code: Professor (1), Associate Professor (2), Assistant Professor (3), Instructor (4), Part-time Instructor (5), Lecturer (6), Research Worker (7), Other (8); administrative titles may be abbreviated.

- (3) The third column should show the department which carries the major portion of the member's base salary.
- (4) The fourth column should show the base salary which is considered as a tentative institutional commitment, as of the fiscal year 1955-56.
- (5) The fifth column should show the number of months of service (in the fiscal year), 9 or 10 or 11 or 12, for which this base salary is understood to represent compensation.

We would like to have this information for consideration of the Finance Committee of the Board of Higher Education on June 1."

Acting President Friday has requested that we send this information to him in time to transmit to the Board of Education by June 1.

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

NALE IGH

May 3, 1956

TO: MEMBERS OF THE TRUSTEES' COMMITTEE FOR NAMING BUILDINGS AT STATE COLLEGE

Mr. Mark C. Lassiter Mr. Roy Rowe Mr. Shelton Wicker

Gentlemen:

Your consideration is requested of recommendations for naming two buildings at State College and for the designation of the Richlands Creek Forest as the Carl Alwin Schenck Memorial Forest.

We are very desirous of naming our Civil Engineering Building in honor of Professor Carroll Mann, Sr. Professor Mann retired July 1, 1948, as Head of the Department of Civil Engineering after having been a member of the staff since 1900. He graduated with a B.S. in Civil Engineering at State College in 1899 and received the degree C.E. in 1906. From 1916 until his retirement he served as head of the department. This recommendation comes with the approval of the head of the department of Civil Engineering, the Dean of the School of Engineering, and Acting President Friday.

We are proposing that the warehouse building, commonly referred to in recent years as the M & O Building, be named in honor of Mr. W. F. Morris. This building is headquarters for the Department of Maintenance and Operations directed by Mr. Morris for many years and until his retirement February 1, 1953. Mr. Morris graduated at State College in 1909 and during most of the time since then has been a member of our staff.

Both of these men are now living and naming buildings for them violates a principle which was formerly adhered to without exception. There have been two exceptions in recent years at the University in Chapel Hill in naming the Library a few months ago and in naming Carroll Hall several years ago. We would like to honor these men while they are still living and, therefore, request your favorable consideration of these recommendations.

We would like to propose that a tract of land owned by the College and used by the School of Forestry as a demonstration forest be named the Carl Alwin Schenck Memorial Forest. This area is currently referred to as the Richlands Creek Forest and is located about one mile northwest of the State Fairgrounds. Dr. Schenck founded the old Biltmore Forest School in western North Carolina as the first training school for forestry in the United States. He considered our School of Forestry a continuation of this School at Biltmore which went out of existence many years ago.

Committee for Naming Buildings

Dr. Schenck received an honorary degree here some years ago and left to the College his Library at his death a year or so ago. Friends of Dr. Schenck and alumni of the Biltmore School have provided funds for establising the Carl Alwin Schenck Distinguished Professorahip and will provide an endowment fund sufficient to landscape an area of about one acre in the Memorial Forest we wish to bear his name.

I shall be glad to furnish additional information, if you have any questions and shall appreciate hearing from you if you approve.

If approval is received from all of you, I would like to ask Mr. Lassiter to make the recommendations to the Board of Trustees at the meeting on May 28.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

CHB:H

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH

April 28, 1956

Mr. William C. Friday, Acting President The University of North Carolina Chapel Hill, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Friday:

I would like to have your approval for requesting the Trustees' Committee on Naming Buildings at State College that we name our Civil Engineering building in honor of Professor C. L. Mann, our building for the Department of Maintenance and Operations for W. F. Morris, and the Richlands Creek Forest in honor of Carl Alwin Schenck.

The first two of these recommendations involve naming buildings for living individuals. We made this request to the Committee of the Trustees several years ago when Dr. Poe was the chairman. He declined consideration of the recommendation because of a policy that no building be named for a living individual. Since then the Library at Chapel Hill has been named for a man still living and previously Carroll Hall had been similarly named. There is very strong sentiment for naming the Civil Engineering building in honor of Professor Mann while he is yet living. As you know, he was head of the Department for many years. Honoring Professor L. L. Vaughan with an honorary degree this year makes even more appropriate naming the C. E. building for Professor Mann.

There is also strong local sentiment for naming the old warehouse building which has been renovated and remodeled during the last two years in honor of W. F. Morris.

The alumni of the old Biltmore Forestry School have previously established the Carl Alwin Schenck Distinguished Professorship and have recently proposed several additional memorials to honor the father of forestry education in this country. I am attaching the recommendation which came from Dean Preston in this regard. We would like to recommend to the Trustees' Committee on Naming Buildings that the Richlands Creek Forest be designated the Carl Alwin Schenck Memorial Forest. The other two proposals need not be considered by the Trustees.

I shall appreciate your consideration of these recommendations and the return of Dean Preston's letter.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

CHB:H Enclosure November 17, 1953

Chancellor C. H. Bostian "A" Holladay Hall Campus

Re: Names for Engineering Buildings

Dear Dr. Bostian:

In the engineering group there are two buildings that have not been formally named. These are the new building that houses the reactor and its associated laboratories and the Civil Engineering building, to which we recently added two additional stories. I have consulted with both Dr. Back, Head of our Physics Department and Dr. Facun, Head of our Civil Engineering Department, on the subject of names for the buildings which they occupy.

Dr. Beck and I reviewed the strong support that has been given to our Physics Department in behalf of construction of the new building to house the reactor and the as adated laboratories, control room, etc. There are no classrooms in this building and one small auditorium. For this reason we believe the building should be designated as a laboratory and because the Burlington Foundation was instrumental in the construction of this building through the granting of a large financial gift and strong interest and support, the name of the Burlington Laboratories is recommended to you for this building.

Dr. Fadum and I have discussed over the last couple of months a name for the Civil Engineering bullding. We felt that such a name should be one that has been associated with Civil Engineering at North Carolina State College and in the state over a long period. We immediately recognized that there was only one mano in this category. We, therefore, recommend to you that the Civil Engineering building be named Mann Hall in honor of Professor Carroll L. Mann.

We here in the Engineering School look forward to hearing from you as to official response from you and from the Board of Trustees as to the number of these buildings and how we might best bring these named buildings to the attention of the public at large.

Sincerely,

J. H. Lampe Deen of Engineering

JHL:G

North Carolina State College of Agriculture and Angineering of the University of North Carolina Raleigh

OFFICE OF J. G. VANN, ASSISTANT CONTROLLER AND BUSINESS MANAGER

October 17, 1955

BU 4/6/56

Chancellor C. H. Bostian "A" Holladay Hall CAMPUS

My dear Dr. Bostian:

I enclose herewith a letter that I received a few days ago from Mr. J. McCree Smith, Director of Maintenance and Operations and College Engineer. You will note that this is a proposal that the maintenance and operations building, which we familiarly refer to as the "warehouse", be re-named in honor of Mr. W. F. Morris who, you know, until his retirement two or three years ago served for many years as director of operations in that area.

Mr. Smith and I have talked of this previously, and I wish to hereby earnestly endorse this suggestion with respect to the warehouse building.

I also concur fully in his suggestions with respect to the laundry and the power plant. These suggestions you will recognize as honoring men who were identified with these two operations for many years as engineer in charge, in the case of the power plant, and manager, in the case of Godwin in the laundry.

Very sincerely yours,

hates J. G. Vann

JGV:jh Enclosure CC: Mr. J. McCree Smith

RALEIGH, N. C.

DIVISION OF MAINTENANCE & OPERATIONS J. MCCREE SMITH, DIRECTOR

October 6, 1955

ADDRESS REPLY TO WRITER

Mr. J. G. Vann 105 Holladay Hall Campus

Dear Mr. Vann:

We would like to recommend that the M & O Building (Warehouse) be renamed the Morris Building, in honor of Mr. W. F. Morris who, until his retirement, served as the Director of M & O.

We realize that it has been the custom to name buildings posthumously for the man deserving the honor. However, in view of Mr. Morris' long and unselfish service to North Carolina State College, we feel that it would be entirely fitting and proper to rename the building at this time, to show the high esteem we have for Mr. Morris.

This giving and using the name serves to alter the nondescript or anonymous status of the "Warehouse."

We would also like to recommend for your consideration naming the Laundry the Godwin Building, and the Power Plant the Riddle Power Plant.

Very truly yours,

McCree Smith

JMcCS/r

*N. C. STATE" IS A UNIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA FOUNDED IN 1889 COMPRISED OF SIX ACCREDITED UNDER-GRADUATE SCHOOLS GRADUATE SCHOOL RESEARCH DIVISIONS IN AGRICULTURE, ENGINEERING, FORESTRY, AND TEXTILES AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION SERVICE. DIVISION OF COLLEGE EXTENSION.

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH

April 12, 1956

Mr. William C. Friday, Acting President The University of North Carolina Chapel Hill, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Friday:

The attached list of permanent improvements includes some items urgently needed at this time and others which will be required, in order to provide for expected increases in enrollment of students, by the time they can be authorized and completed.

Items 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, and 8 are needed now. Most of the remaining items will be needed to accommodate the 6000 or more students expected to be here during 1958-59, the second year of the biennium. This year our September enrollment of 4813 was 532 greater than the 1954-55 year. An increase of only 400 per year will take us to 6000 for 1958-59. At this date over 1200 applicants for next year have paid a deposit we are requiring for the first time. We think an increase of only 400 per year for three years is quite conservative and makes ample allowance for the 10-15 per cent who will be denied admission beginning September 1957.

New classrooms, estimated to cost over \$2,000,000 will be needed before the 1959 legislature could provide them and it is therefore urgent that the 1957 legislature appropriate funds for them, or leave us no choice except a more stringent restriction on enrollments than now contemplated.

Justification for the 18 items requested has been presented very briefly without details of construction and without an itemization of equipment which we believe must be provided. We can furnish additional information if it is desired and can assure the Board of Higher Education that the Advisory Budget Commission will recommend appropriations nor authorize excenditures until complete information has been furnished to them.

We shall welcome further opportunity to discuss these requests with you and shall appreciate your recommendation of them to the Board of Higher Education.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH

April 5, 1956

Dr. William M. Whyburn, Acting Provost The University of North Carolina Chapel Hill, North Carolina

Dear Dr. Whyburn:

. Dean Shirley and I are in agreement with all of your suggestions concerning a committee to make recommendations for a new head of the Physics Department except having the appointment made by this office. We realize that there are special considerations in this case but question the appropriateness of abandoning the prevailing custom here of having special committees appointed by the Deans of the Schools following consultation with the Chancellor. We do not see how we can abandon this custom in this particular case without a complete change of our policy.

At this time there are committees appointed by Deans with approval of this office looking for department heads for Economics and Psychology and for a Director of Instruction in the School of Textiles. In the next few months committees will be appointed for Mathematics, Modern Languages, and Horticulture.

We believe that we should work closely with Dean Lampe in the appointment of this committee, seeing to it that he does not serve on the committee, and that it is represented as you have suggested.

I shall be glad to have your reaction to this suggestion and look forward to discussing the matter with you.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

CHB:H cc: Mr. William C. Friday Dean J. W. Shirley

PERMANENT IMPROVEMENTS FOR 1957-59

(List prepared April 6, 1956)

1.	Utility repairs, improvements, and expansion	\$382,000
	a. Electrical distribution system \$262,200 b. Water lines 75,000	
	c. Hot water improvements 35,000 d. Telephone system 10,000	
2.	Dormitories: Women \$500,000; Men \$2,000,000	2,500,000
3.	Compus improvements	261,800
	a. Streets, sidewalks, curbs and gutters 179,800 b. General campus landscaping 37,000 c. School of Design laboratory garden 25,000 d. Tennis courts (repair old ones, 6 new ones) 20,000	
4.	Quenasiun	2,821,970
5.	Classroom building	1,450,000
6.	Additional equipment for new buildings	162,000
	a. Paper and Pulp laboratory \$127,000 b. Brooks Hall 35,000	
7.	Replace Pullen Hall with classroom building	750,000
8.	Auditorium	2,000,000
9.	Renovation and Remodeling in several buildings	113,310
	a. Fourth floor Holladay Hall, including elevator \$30,000 b. Accustical treatment for walls and insulation of steam pipes in Winston Hall 15,000 c. Remodeling Roum 23, Riddick Building 25,000 d. Classroom and offices, Park Shop Building 5,000 e. Removate space for laboratory in Folk Hall 12,500 f. Replace fire-damaged siles 3,850 g. Renovations in Feele Hall 15,000 h. Space in Coliseum basement for ROTC weapons 3,000 i. Modernization of accounting laboratories 3,960	
10.	Additional floor on wing of Gardner Hall	114,000
11.	Textile Research building	698,350
12.	Completion of Agricultural Engineering building	450,000
13.	Addition to Polk Hall	750,000
14.	Wood Products Laboratory building	250,000

15.	Remodeling Diesel building for more usable space	\$40,000
16.	Further remodeling of Page Hall	30,500
17.	Equipment for Psychology Laboratory	25,000
18.	Addition to Chemistry Building	1,000,000
19.	Change freight elevator to passenger type, Williams Hall	5,000
20.	Air conditioning auditorium and McKimmon Room, Williams Hall	8,000
21.	Remodel Milk house and install 4-cow milking parlor, Dairy Farm	7,500
22.	Wood research equipment, Forestry	100,000
23.	Administration and Agricultural Economics building, Agriculture	500,000
24.	Additional wing at Gardner Hall	230,000
25.	Addition to Pulp and Paper laboratory, with equipment	650,000
26.	General Forestry building	750,000

Total of items 1 - 10	\$10,555,080
Total of items 1 - 20	\$13,811,930
Total of all items	\$16,049,430

-2-

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH

April 3, 1956

The Honorable Sinclair Weeks, Secretary United States Department of Commerce Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Weeks:

During the last six months there have been many instances of serious inconvenience and expensive delays caused members of the staff of North Carolina State College and visitors having appointments on our campus because of the insbility of many scheduled flights to land at the Raleigh-Durham Airport.

This situation has resulted because of the failure of the Civil Aeromantics Authority to restore approach lights which were removed in connection with the extension of runways. I would like to urge that these lights be restored as soon as possible so that there will be much less likelihood of canceled landings much year.

Members of our staff are engaged in many important research contracts with agencies of the Government. There have been many instances of members of our staff being delayed in their travel in connection with these contracts and of visitors to the campus failing to errive for scheduled meetings which would have been swolded if these approach lights had been available last winter.

It will be very important to the conduct of our operations to have these lights restored and in operation by October 1, 1956.

Your consideration of this matter will be appreciated.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

CHB:H

co: Senator Samuel Ervin Sanator W. K. Scott Rep. Harold Cooley

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH

March 27, 1956

The Honorable Luther H. Hodges, Governor State of North Carolina Raleigh, North Carolina

Dear Governor Hodges:

The attached resolution was passed by the Senate of North Carolina State College on March 5, 1956. It was transmitted to me with a request that it be given appropriate distribution. I am, therefore, sending a copy to you and to Mesars. Friday, Pearsall, Rodman and Carroll. We are not making a copy available to the press.

This resolution was presented, discussed, and passed by our Faculty Senate as an expression of their carnest desire that everything possible be done to preserve and improve our public schools. It is very similar to a resolution passed by the Faculty Council of the University of North Carolina on November 18, 1955, which was released directly by them to the press.

Our Faculty Senate is composed of thirty-two individuals elected by the seven Schools of the College on a proportionate basis of representation.

It is my opinion that members of the Senate believe that everything possible is being done to preserve and improve our public schools. In passing this resolution they wished to give expression to their hope that these efforts will be continued, as I an confident they will be.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

CHB:H cc: Mr. William C. Friday Mr. Thomas J. Fearcall Dr. Charles Carroll Mr. William B. Rodman

RESCLUTION

- "WHEREAS, there is being proposed in other states and also occasionally in North Carolina that abolishing the public schools is preferred to other possible conditions, and
- WHEREAS, the public school system has been the means of advancing education for the masses of people in North Carolina, and
- WHEREAS, the future development and progress of our State depend on the educational level of our people, and
- WHEREAS, the immediate needs of providing facilities and teachers for rapidly increasing numbers of children are tremendous, and
- WHEREAS, the present circumstances reveal the need for positive leadership of state officials in support of the public schools,
- THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Faculty Senate of North Carolina State College commend those leaders who are endeavoring to preserve and improve the public schools and urge a continuation of these objectives so that the very best educational opportunities be available to all the people of our State."

Passed by the FACULTY SENATE North Carolina State College in Regular Session Narch 6, 1956.

March 23, 1956

Mr. W. D. Carmichael, Jr., Vice President and Finance Officer The University of North Carolina Chapel Hill, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Carmichael:

The State College Committee on Scholarships and Student Aid is in great need of funds for making loans to needy and deserving students. The limited funds available to us are currently exhausted and we are not able to make loans to students who are applying for them. The State College Student Lean Fund has a total value of \$27,996.71 and is entirely in notes receivable. The H. S. Battie Lean Fund has a total value of \$4,600 and is all in loans. The J. M. Frice Memorial Loan Fund is restricted to students in Machanical, Chemical, and Metallurgical Engineering, and has an uncommitted balance of approximately \$2,800 of the total amount of \$5,000.

We would like to request that application be made to the Trustees for authorization to transfer a maximum of \$100,000 from the Exchests Fund to North Carolina State College to recetablish an Eschests Loan Fund. If this authorization can be obtained, we propose that \$25,000 be transferred as soon as possible and that additional amounts be transferred from the main Eschests Fund as will be needed by the State College Eschests Loan Fund.

It will not be practical for the funds to be invested and earning interest in the State College Ecchests Loan Fund until student loans have been made. For that reason, we would not want to receive more than \$25,000 in the immediate future but would want authorization to secure additional allotments as needed.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

CHB:H cc: Mr. William C. Friday Mr. J. G. Vann Dean J. J. Stewart Dear Friends and Alumni:

One of the most pleasant experiences I have had since becoming Chancellor of North Carolina State Gollege has been to note with pride and enthusiasm the interest and participation of our alumni and friends in the many programs of extreme importance at this institution. Without your help, enthusiasm, and participation, State Gollege could not in any way have reached the high position it now holds among the land-grant colleges of the country. This type of cooperation from alumni, friends, and corporations has made possible the increasing support that has come about through Foundations, Alumni Giving, and participation in the Wolfpack Club (Student Aid Association) at the college.

March --

Naturally, I am vitally interested in every phase of college life that enhances the opportunity of students and that renders ever-increasing service to our friends and alumni in every way our college touches the lives and economic level of our people. Certainly, every alumnus would like to have a part in the progress of his Alma Mater, and we all recognize that every time the college moves up in statue it favorably affects the future of all alumni. We believe that every alumnus would like an opportunity to participate in some way by way of support of his or her institution, and I know of no finer means they can use than to support the Alumni Fund and the Wolfpack Club.

In our humble opinion, we have one of the finest athletic programs in the Atlantic Goast Conference. I am sure you will agree that our football future is in capable hands, and certainly our swimming, basketball, and baseball teams are among the best in the nation. I am confident they have been a source of pride and satisfaction to you as they have to me. You realize the importance of necessary and adequate funds for scholarship aid. Our principal source of funds is our friends and alumni through the Wolfpack Club, and we must depend upon your interest and generosity to continue this fine effort at the college. This year the Student Aid office (Wolfpack Club) is obligated to raise \$88,000 for athletic scholarships. The year ends July 1 and we have not yet reached that amount. In order to give freshmen scholarships for next year (which must be decided quite soon), we must in some way meet this goal.

We have known addresses of some 15,000 alumni. Of this total, approximately 1,800 are members of the Wolfpack Club and slightly more than 2,000 are contributing to the Alumni Fund. Many of these, of course, are duplications in the two programs which means that we have certainly less than 4,000 alumni who are making a contribution to either effort. We believe the alumni would like to have this percentage raised; and certainly it would create tremendously more interest in the college and assist greatly in meeting some of the vast opportunities that exist here if we could get 50 to 75 per cent of our alumni making a contribution to one or more of these programs. These contributions, of course, are tax deductible.

Let me again express to you my personal satisfaction in the high positions of leadership our alumni have accomplished all over the country, and express appreciation again for the wonderful support of alumni and friends. Let me appeal to you personally to join hands with the thousands of alumni and friends in the support of the Wolfpack Glub and the Alumni Fund. Your contributions to these and other worthwhile programs at the college are a vital factor in the future progress of our athletic program and our total college advancement through this year and the years to come.

With sincere regards and best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

REAL ESTATE PROBLEMS AT STATE CO LLEGE

(Conference with Governor Hodges, D. S. Coltrane, Vann and Bostian, 3/15/56)

1. General problem of land requirements

Western Boulevard and Hillsboro Street Extended Necessity for nearby location of poultry, dairy, horticultural farms

- 2. Permanent housing for married students (over 1100, 1955-56)
 - a. Method of financing; assumed must be self-liquidating
 - b. Need for proceeding before 1957 Legislature
 - c. Possible sites: beyond Vetville or eastern edge dairy farm
 - d. Possible financing and construction by private firm

3. Land needed for dairy farm

- a. Four breeds, 221 individuals, 511 acres
- b. Location of new highway
- c. Site for housing for married students

4. Possibility of acquiring other sites

- a. Meredith
- b. Peace ideal for a technical institute
- 5. Ferestry Research Center

March 16, 1956

Dr. Harris Purks, Director N. C. Board of Higher Education Box 47 Raleigh, North Carolina

Dear Dr. Purks;

Several weeks ago Dr. Messick proposed that all of the State colleges cooperate in administering admission tests. You are aware of ny interest in having this done and I hope that a plan can be evolved whereby the State Department of Public Instruction will work with the colleges of the State so that every high school senior will take appropriate tests. Perhaps this matter will be on the agenda at our meetings in Winston-Salem, April 18-19.

Dr. Messick also wrote to me suggesting that we endeavor to get the Legislature to return to the policy of providing funds for increments which was abandoned by the last General Assembly. I personally favor having a lump sum made available to be distributed in varying amounts according to merit. I concur fully with Dr. Messick's statement that we must provide salary adjustments.

I am coming to have the opinion that a horizontal increase may be necessary in order to prevent our losing many members of the staff. I heard the other day that about half of the staff in one of our largest departments in the School of Engineering was on the warge of resigning to accept positions in industry. It is not easy for an instructor getting \$4000 per year to continue teaching when seniors are being offered an average of \$425 per month by firms outside of North Carolina and an average of \$425 per month by local companies. Just this week we received three resignations from men in the Solis Department. None of these is leaving to take a position with another college.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

CHB:H cc: Mr. D. Hiden Ramsey Dr. J. D. Messick

EAST CAROLINA COLLEGE GREENVILLE, N. C.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

February 25, 1956

Chancellor Carey H. Bostian State College Raleigh, North Carolina

Dear Chancellor Bostian:

As you know, the last General Assembly did not continue the system of paying increments to the teaching staff, but instead gave a small sum with which the colleges and universities could raise some of the salaries being paid. In our case, and it may be true with all the others who were granted only a nominal sum, this did very little to alleviate the salary situation.

Heretofore, the small sum expected each year helped to motivate a feeling of hope and good will on the part of the teaching staff. The competition for college teachers is becoming increasingly greater and there are not enough being graduated to meet the oncoming demands. Therefore, I sincerely trust that every chancellor and president will cooperate in working toward the restoration of increments. It would help us greatly in retaining our present staff and hold out some promise to those we expect to employ from year to year. If you can support this idea, I trust you will do so vigorously so that the Higher Education Commission, the Budget Commission and the General Assembly may realize the handicap under which we operate without increments.

With best wishes, I am

Cordially yours,

J. D. Messick, President

JDM:B

cc: Dr. J. Harris Purks Dr. D. Hiden Ramsey EAST CAROLINA COLLEGE GREENVILLE, N. C.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

February 25, 1956

Chancellor Carey H. Bostian State College Raleigh, North Carolina

Dear Chancellor Bostian:

It seems that most of us are working on entrance examinations for our students and so far as we are concerned it is a necessity because of the lack of facilities to take care of all applicants, Therefore, it seems that it would be to the advantage of all of us if we could work out a plan whereby any student who wishes to go to any of the state institutions could take the examinations and then have the person in charge send the results to the school of the student's choice. I am quite sure that county and city school administrations would be happy to sponsor and administer these examinations if we were working together as a cooperative unit. I am writing to all the other chancellors and presidents of the state-supported institutions and if there is agreement on this play we can have representatives from the different institutions get together and work out procedures.

We, definitely, intend to give examinations off campus to our applicants next year, but it does seem that inasmuch as State is doing likewise and Chapel Hill may do a similar thing that we could work together with much less confusion to the people out in the field.

Cordially yours,

J. D. Messick, President

CC: Dr. Harris Purks Dr. D. Hiden Ramsev C O P Y STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA THE BUDGET BUREAU RALEIGH

February 22, 1956

Dr. C. H. Bostian, Chancellor North Carolina State College Raleigh, North Carolina

Dear Dr. Bostian:

Consideration has been given to your request of January 30 respecting funds for printing and binding needs under the libery operation.

The strongly expressed intent of the General Assembly that expenditures for printand binding be limited to the appropriations for these compels us to be most wary with requests to transfer funds from other items into line items for printing and binding. Also, you will recall that the Budget Bureau joined with the College in making a strong plea for enlarged appropriations for library books. For these reasons, we feel that we would find it difficult to justify to the Budget Commission and the General Assembly if we should authorize the transfer to printing and binding of the funds which you request to transfer from the library books item.

At the same time, we are advertent to your need for more funds for binding your library periodicals. The library item for printing and binding, we understand, was cut \$3,300 below your original request. The \$3,200 which you request be transferred from books 291-19 plus the \$1,600 requested allocation from the Reserve for printing and binding totals \$5,000, or \$1,700 more than the original request. It is not doubted that the full \$5,000 could be used to advantage; but, due to the circumstances mentioned above, we believe we cannot authorize that much. However, we are willing to go as far as we feel we can justify toward restoring the amount you originally requested by m king a larger allocation from the Reserve for printing and binding that you have requested.

I want to suggest, therefore, that you request an allotment of \$2,500 from the Reserve for printing and binding. This will provide a total amount of \$9,700 which is \$800 less than the \$10,500 you originally requested and about \$700 more than your expenditure in that line item for the fiscal year 1954-55. I believe this represents the most that we can do to meet this situation.

With best wishes, I am

Very truly yours,

D. S. Coltrane Assistant Director

DSC:hla

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH

January 30, 1956

Mr. D. S. Coltrane The Budget Bureau Raleigh, North Carolina

Dean Mr. Coltrane:

You will recall that Mr. D. L. Ward, acting as Chairman of the Visiting Committee for State College, wrote to you last fall about the critical shortage of funds for printing and binding in the budget of our Library.

You will also remember that within the past several years funds for purchasing books at our Library were greatly increased, although the sums are still below those available at other southern Land-Grant colleges.

Our current budget provides \$70,000 for books. Most of this budget item is spent for scientific journals which come to us at periodic intervals. These must be bound for satisfactory use in the future. Practically all of our budget for printing and binding in the Library is used for binding.

We requested \$10,500 for printing and binding for this year. The Advisory Budget Commission recommended \$9,000 and the Legislature while reducing all items for printing cut this amount to \$7,200.

It is my understanding that your office was provided a special sum for supplementing appropriations for printing and binding. At this time we would like to recommend that printing and binding, 289-14, be allocated \$1800 from this special fund, and that \$3200 be transferred from books, 291-19, to ppinting and binding, 289-14. If these requests are approved, the additional \$5,000 for printing and binding will be sufficient to bind the current accumulation of serials in the Library.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

APPROVED:

(signed) Harris Purks Acting President

Mr. Friday concurs

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH

February 29, 1956

The Honorable Luther H. Hodges, Governor State of North Carolina Raleigh, North Carolina

Dear Governor Hodges:

It was very gratifying to learn recently of your visit to the Gaston Technical Institute and to read of your comments concerning the work being done there and the need of more of these institutions.

One of the factors in our wishing to postpone cut-off points in admissions has been the lack of post-high school training available to the graduates of our high schools. Technical institutes will satisfy two great meeds in our state.

I believe the Board of Higher Education is aware of these needs and will give much consideration to supporting a few centers strategically located. These centers should be administered by a central agency and I believe that our School of Engineering and Extension Division are best fitted to operate these training programs. Our School of Engineering is familiar with the needs of industry and with the types of training that are required. The Extension Division provides an organization with experience in directing such activities.

As you know, the Gaston Technical Institute has operated without appropriated funds. It will not be possible to provide the needed number of institutes and to operate them effectively without help from the State. Such assistance will be just as appropriate and justified as other forms of public education.

Dean Lampe, Mr. Ruggles, and all of us at State College stand ready to assist the Board of Higher Education and other agencies of the state in making plans for an expansion of our technical institutes.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

CHB:H cc: Dean Lampe, Mr. E. W. Ruggles Mr. D. Hiden Ramsey, Dr. Harris Purks

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH

February 24, 1956

The Honorable William Rodman, Attorney General State of North Carolina Raleigh, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Rodman:

Mr. Friday has suggested that I let you know that our Admissions Office has received two applications from Negroes for the 1956-57 year. One applicant is a senior in high school in Durham with an excellent academic record. He wishes to enroll as a freshman in Engineering.

The other application is from a graduate of the Hillside High School of Durham currently attending the North Carolina College. He desires to transfer here and study Engineering.

It is our understanding that these two applications are to receive the same consideration as those from graduates of our high schools for whites.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

CHB:H cc: Mr. William C. Friday

OF AGRICULTURE AND ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

February 15, 1956

Mr. Mark Ethridge, Jr. The Raleigh Times Raleigh, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Ethridge:

Your editorial defending members of our Judicial Board for their desire to uphold rules and regulations even though a very promiment athlete was involved was read with much interest and approval.

The source of the information to the press that the trial had been conducted in an irregular manner has not been identified.

It is entirely clear now that the proceedings of the Judicial Board were conducted with complete fairness and regularity. It is also true as pointed out in your editorial that much pressure was brought to bear on members of the Judicial Board but I believe that this was due in large part to the erroneous impression that the individual had not been treated fairly.

The attitude of Coach Case in the matter has been entirely proper and appropriate.

Sincerely yours,

Carey H. Bostian Chancellor

CHB:H cc: Dean J. J. Stewart

COPY

NORTH CAROLINE STATE COLLEGE

RALEIGH

The Graduate School

January 23, 1956

4

Chancellor C. H. Bostian Holladay Hall Campus

Dear Chancellor Bostian:

We are pleased to inform you that the committee appointed to select a replacement for Dean Shirley as Dean of the School of General Studies is unanimous in its opinion that Dr. C. A. Hickman has the high qualities of leadership and scholarship to fill the responsibilities of this position. In reaching this decision, the committee has given careful consideration to the present and future position of the School of General Studies in the enlarged educational program that we anticipate for North Carolina State College in the years ahead.

Sincerely yours,

(signed) D. B. Anderson M. E. Campbell D. W. Colvard P. H. Derr J. H. Lampe P. M. Rice L. H. Swain John R. Lambert

Report of

THE NORTH CAROLINA ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION



April 5, 1956 Raleigh, North Carolina

NORTH CAROLINA ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION RALEIGH

WILLIAM W. TAYLOR, JR. SPECIAL COUNSEL & EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

THOMAS F. ELLIS Asst. Special Counsel & Executive Secretary

COMMITTEE MEMBERS

THOMAS J. PEARSALL, CHAIRMAN W. T. JOYNER, VICE-CHAIRMAN LUNSFORD CREW R. O. HUFFMAN WILLIAM MEDFORD H. CLOYD PHILPOTT EDWARD F. YARBOROUGH

April 5th, 1956.

Honorable Luther H. Hodges, Governor of North Carolina, State Capitol, Raleigh, North Carolina.

Dear Governor Hodges:

In behalf of the North Carolina Advisory Committee on Education, I am pleased to transmit to you herewith the Committee's report of April 5th, 1956. I am pleased to call your attention to the fact that this is a unanimous report.

We understand from the Act creating this Committee that it is a continuing Committee. We will, therefore, continue to study this school problem and make additional reports and recommendations as conditions require.

With warm personal regards, I am

Sincerely yours,

this. J. Cuarsa

Thos. J. Pearsall, *Chairman* North Carolina Advisory Committee on Education.

TJP/p

The April 5th Report of the North Carolina Advisory Committee on Education to the Governor, the General Assembly, the State Board of Education, and the County and Local School Boards of North Carolina.

I. AUTHORITY OF THE COMMITTEE

This Committee was created by legislative resolution (Resolution No. 29, General Assembly of 1955) and has only the powers conferred by that resolution.

At the outset of this report we emphasize the fact that this Committee has no power to speak for any official in North Carolina. We have the power only to advise. No one need follow our advice. Our words have no significance except as they may have merit.

II. THE OBLIGATION OF THE COMMITTEE

It has been our duty to study the school situation in North Carolina. That we have done. It has been our duty to try to think clearly about matters in which emotions are involved to a high degree. That we have tried sincerely to do.

It is now our duty to speak plainly. That we shall try to do. We shall try to deal with facts as we find them—things as they are now, rather than as we might wish them to be or as they may be in the distant future. All our problems cannot be solved this year. But some things must be faced and some things must be done this year.

III. THE APPROACH TO OUR EDUCATIONAL PROBLEM

To deal with any problem it is first necessary to face it. Difficulties must be appraised honestly and frankly. Our first advice is that all of the people of North Carolina look the educational problem as affected by race straight in its face. We must appraise it for what it is, without wishful thinking or defiant anger. There is no simple, easy, or sure solution of the problem of the education of our children under the Supreme Court's shift of position.

We are in a very dangerous situation. It could become a dreadful situation quickly. The steady and healthy progress which we have been making for more than half a century in the betterment of our racial relations has been suddenly stopped. Now the tide is running the other way. Racial tensions are mounting in North Carolina every day.

If this Committee can cause our people to realize just what they face, then half of our duty is done.

IV. THE PROBLEM PRESENTED

BY THE SUPREME COURT DECISIONS

At the very threshold of our tremendous problem there are some important conclusions which should be made clear. Two of these conclusions are of such paramount importance that we state them first:

1. We are of the unanimous opinion that the people of North Carolina will not support mixed schools. This is to say that we believe if the schools were integrated in this State, the General Assembly, representing the people, would withhold support to a degree that the result would certainly be the ruin and eventual abandonment of the public schools. Whether a particular viewpoint finds this conclusion to be good or bad, pleasant or unpleasant, it remains our conclusion and we state it as such.

2. The second threshold conclusion of which we are quite sure is that the saving of our public schools requires action now. To do nothing would, we believe, destroy our public schools. Those who would insure the preservation of the public schools are those who would act. The United States Supreme Court has dealt our schools a near fatal blow and it now requires positive action to save them.

There are other things which are important in the approach to our educational problem, things of which we can be sure.

3. In the past ninety years—1865-1955—the Negro race has made the most amazing progress which has ever been made in the history of man in any comparable period of time.

4. That progress has been helped, in fact has been made possible, by the cooperation and assistance of the white race.

5. The white race has been almost wholly responsible for the creation, development and support of an educational system which has been and is now educating the Negro children of the State, all of them. It was Aycock, Joyner and their followers who insisted in 1900 and thereafter that the Negro children of the State must be educated. And it was Aycock and his followers who insisted that there be no color line drawn between money expenditures for education, insisted that the Negro children be educated by the use of tax moneys paid largely by the whites.

6. The educational system of North Carolina has been built on the foundation stone of separation of the races in the schools. Our State Constitution required that. Every particle of progress which has been made in education since 1900 has rested squarely on the principle of separation of the races compelled by State law. Such building on the foundation of law-compelled segregation met the approval of the Federal Courts for more than fifty years. Our system is a segregated system in its origin and in its growth. When we speak today of our school system and of the development of that system under Aycock and his followers, we sometimes lose sight of the fact that the system of which we speak is *inherently a segregated system*. It could not have so developed, except as a segregated system. That should always be kept in mind. If we would "preserve our school system" we would have to preserve a segregated.

7. The decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States have destroyed our foundation of segregation required by law. The Supreme Court has declared that the principle upon which our system was built and upon which it has rested, is no longer valid. So, we do not have the problem of "preserving our school system." The Supreme Court of the United States destroyed the school system which we had developed a segregated-by-law system. Our problem is, rather, to build a new system out of the Supreme Court's wreckage of the old. This fact governs our whole approach to the problem. The task which faces us is how to use what we have left of our old educational system to provide an education for all of the children in North Carolina.

8. The decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, however much we dislike it, is the declared law and is binding upon us. We think that the decision was erroneous; that it was a reversal of established law upon an unprecedented base of psychology and sociology; that it could cause more harm within the United States than anything which has happened in fifty years. But we must in honesty recognize that, because the Supreme Court is the court of last resort in this country, what it has said must stand until there is a correcting constitutional amendment or until the Court corrects its own error. We must live and act now under the decision of that Court. We should not delude ourselves about that.

Recent resolutions of protest are awakening the people of the whole country to a realization of the shocking invasion by the United States Supreme Court of the rights which have been reserved to the States, to Congress, and to the people as a foundation stone of our democratic republic. Our leaders are bringing to all of the people of the United States the consciousness that the very existence of our Democracy is threatened if the present trend toward autocratic central government control over the lives and over all of the affairs of the people of the several States is not reversed. In fact, we recommend the adoption by our General Assembly of a strong resolution of protest along these lines. But resolutions do not entirely meet our need right now. This year the decisions of the Supreme Court are with us, and if we are to continue the operation of our public schools we should take further action now. 9. There is little chance that a constitutional amendment will be adopted which will change the Supreme-Court-made law in the near future. A constitutional change must await a turn in the thinking of the majority of the voters in the United States. That change must await time for the people all over the United States to realize that the children of the two races fare better in separate schools and that it is best to leave the delicate subject of adjustment of racial relations to the people of the communities in which the racial contacts occur. That, again, is a matter of years. It may or may not occur. What we can be sure of is that there will not be an amendment of the Federal Constitution this year. Therefore, we must plan this year under the law as it is now.

10. Defiance of the Supreme Court would be foolhardy. Defiance would alienate those who may be won to our thinking, that separateness of the races is natural and best. Defiance would forfeit the consideration we must have from the Federal Judges if we are to educate our children now. Defiance of the Supreme Court of the United States and of the law as declared by that Court could mean the closing of the public schools very quickly. We cannot make a single plan about what we are going to do in our schools this year without giving paramount consideration to our relationship to the Federal Courts.

11. The Negro leaders from outside the State, and those who are now vocal within the State, appear to be totally indifferent to the fact that their belligerence, their attempt to use the threat of Federal punishment to achieve complete integration, will prevent Negro children from getting a public school education in North Carolina. They appear to be much more interested in assailing the whites with what they conceive to be a mandate of the Federal Supreme Court than in the education of their children. That attitude merely increases the educational burden which the white man has borne for more than half a century, namely, the burden of educating the Negro children as well as the white children. If the Negro children in North Carolina are to continue receiving public education, it will be as the result of the work and effort of the people of the white race. But that burden must be borne and must include a willingness to provide, at whatever cost, fully adequate schools and facilities for the Negro children of our State. North Carolina is already committed to an aggressive program of urging and encouraging this provision of adequate facilities. That commitment must be performed. But the bearing of that burden is not entirely unselfish. If the State of North Carolina is to go forward, if the white race in North Carolina is to go forward, the Negro must go forward also. The advancement of our economy and the preservation of our democracy depend in large part upon the education, the understanding, and the morality of the Negro as well as the white. If there prevails ignorance in either race, servitude in either race, hatred in either race, our economy will stall, our society will seethe, and our democracy will degenerate.

V. OUR SCHOOLS CAN BE REBUILT

We have pointed out that the Supreme Court has destroyed the school system which has existed in North Carolina—that is, a segregatedby-law system. Now, we must rebuild our school system. There are only two forces which can prevent this. The white people of North Carolina can prevent rebuilding of our schools if they are not courageous and wise and self-restrained. The Federal Courts can prevent the rebuilding of our schools if they are not tolerant and patient and conscious of the practicalities of the present situation.

As we face the task of rebuilding, we are encouraged by the following facts:

1. No Federal Court has said that there must be mixing of the races—integration. No Federal Court has said that any child of any race must be compelled to go to school with a child or children of another race. This is of great importance. The precise Federal Court decision was that a law is invalid if it says that a child can be excluded from a school solely because of race. But no Court has said that a child must go to a school with children of another race.

2. The Supreme Court in May 1954 said that children have the right not to be barred from any public school by law because of color. In May 1955 that same Court indicated recognition of the gravity of the problem and the necessity of giving effect to local conditions in school admissions. To us the Supreme Court has said just this, a law barring a child from a public school because of color and nothing else is invalid; but an administrative body may well find, if it acts honestly and in the light of local conditions, that under existing local conditions it may not be feasible or best for a particular child to go to a particular school with children of another race. A color bar by law is one thing. A factual local condition, is a different thing. An understanding and tolerant Court may well recognize that difference.

3. The United States Court of Appeals for the Fourth Circuit in a recent North Carolina case from McDowell County said that a child could not press his complaint in the Federal Courts for not being admitted to any particular school until after he had applied for admission to that school, had been denied, and had then exhausted his remedies in the State Courts, provided by the Assignment Statute enacted by the 1955 General Assembly. This decision recognized that each admission case must depend upon the individual facts of that case and that those facts should be completely adjudicated in the State Courts as required by State Statute.

4. We believe that members of each race prefer to associate with other members of their race and that they will do so naturally unless they are prodded and inflamed and controlled by outside pressure. We think it is also true that children do best when in school with children of their own race. We think that in the course of time that will be plain to everyone. When the fires have subsided, when sanity returns, when the NAACP finds that it cannot use the Federal Courts as a club in a fight with the white people, and when the North Carolina Negro finds that his outside advisors are not his best or most reliable friends, then we can achieve the voluntary separation which our Governor and other State leaders have so wisely advocated.

Until that time arrives we urge that members of both races act and speak with restraint and avoid an open break between the races which would make it impossible to approach the solution of our problem in a spirit of reason and cooperation. An attitude of tolerance and cooperation is responsible for the harmonious relations which the races have enjoyed in North Carolina for more than fifty years and accounts for the great progress which the Negro race has made in our State during that time. Given time, we hope that same attitude can be reestablished and will aid greatly in the solution of this, our greatest problem.

VI. WHAT THE COMMITTEE ADVISES FOR THIS SUMMER AND FALL

At this time the people of North Carolina must think about what should be done this Summer and this Fall to meet the problems presented then. The first thing which we advise for each local school unit is to operate the assignment machinery provided by the 1955 Statute. We advise that each local school unit recognize honestly and in good faith that although there is no legal barrier to the admission of Negro children and white children to the same school, nevertheless, the children of one race should do better in a public school with children of the same race. There should also be recognized the fact that there is no legal compulsion on any one to mix the races.

Specifically, we recommend that all school units:

1. Recognize that there is no law compelling the mixing of the races.

2. Recognize that since the Supreme Court decision there can be no valid law compelling the separation of the races in public schools.

3. Declare that initial assignments to schools will be made in accordance with what the assigning unit (or officer) considers to be for the best interest of the child assigned, including in its consideration, residence, school attended during the preceding year, availability of facilities, and all other local conditions bearing upon the welfare of the child and the prospective effectiveness of his school. 4. After initial assignments are made, permit transfers only upon application and hearing in due course and in accordance with the provisions of the 1955 assignment law.

VII. INSURING A SAFETY VALVE

We think that what we are proposing is constructive; that it is affirmative. But it should be noted again that we are proposing the building of a new school system on a new foundation— a foundation of no racial segregation by law, but assignment according to natural racial preference and the administrative determination of what is best for the child. We know that this new program will present many problems, many difficulties and some controversies, but we think that it can be made to succeed to the satisfaction of the people of the State.

The original Governor's Special Advisory Committee, composed of eighteen North Carolinians in its report of December 1954 said: "The schools of our State are so intimately related to the customs and feelings of the people of each community that their effective operation is impossible except in conformity with community attitudes." The Committee said that unanimously. The three Negro members of the Committee said just that. They signed the report. The Legislature of North Carolina unanimously adopted a resolution which was even stronger in its terms.

It may well be that before the people of North Carolina will give the necessary support to an honest trial of the assignment plan they will need to be assured of escape possibilities from intolerable situations assured first that no child will be forced to attend a school with the children of another race in order to get an education and assured, second, that if a public school situation becomes intolerable to a community, the school or schools in that community may be closed. To achieve those objectives there must be some changes in the North Carolina Constitution and some legislative enactments based thereon.

We recommend that a special session of the General Assembly of North Carolina be called this summer to consider submitting to the people the question of changes in our State Constitution.

We recommend that this Legislature cause to be submitted to a vote of the people of North Carolina constitutional amendments, or a single amendment to achieve these desirable and, we think, necessary results:

1. Authority for the General Assembly to provide from public funds financial grants to be paid toward the education of any child assigned against the wishes of his parents to a school in which the races are mixed —such grants to be available for education only in non-sectarian schools and only when such child cannot be conveniently assigned to a non-mixed public school.

2. Authority for any local unit created pursuant to law and under conditions to be prescribed by the General Assembly, to suspend by majority vote the operation of the public schools in that unit, notwithstanding present constitutional provisions for public schools.

These proposed constitutional changes are recommended for consideration with the thought that such changes will give to the people of North Carolina the confidence and assurance which are necessary in order to aid the rebuilding of our school system. We do not think that these changes pose a threat to public education generally in the State. On the contrary, we believe that they will provide the necessary means to assure the support of the white people so badly needed to continue our public schools. If the white people support a public school system in North Carolina, public education will continue. If the white people do not support a public school system in North Carolina, there will be no public education. To gain that support we believe it will be necessary to provide an available escape from a possibly unacceptable situation.

VIII. CONCLUSION

In conclusion we express the hope that our report has not been so gloomy as to cause the discouragement of our people. We have thought it necessary to speak plainly and to face the facts realistically. But we are not discouraged about the prospects. We think that the future is difficult but that a satisfactory solution will be achieved and that our State will go forward. It is true that we face dark days. But we have faced dark days in the past and have emerged from our difficulties.

As never before in this century we need courage, coolness, tolerance, and good will by the members of all races. We need the very best leadership which our generation can provide, unselfish, farseeing, statesmanlike leadership. Above all, we need the opportunity to solve our monumental problem with the minimum of outside, uninformed interference, pressures and compulsion.

We do not in any sense consider the filing of this report as terminating the work of our Committee. We are fully aware that what is recommended now may not be sufficient to meet all the conditions which may develop in this fast-moving and ever-changing problem. We intend to continue our constant observation and study of all developments and will, as it becomes necessary, make further recommendations to deal with it.

In the meantime, we have confidence in the ultimate awakening of the people of the United States to the dangers inherent in constitutional amendments by judicial fiat and in the attempted unnatural adjustment of racial relations by force.

We have confidence in the strength, the soundness and good will of the people of North Carolina.

We think what we have proposed, if adopted, will preserve public schools and help preserve the public peace for what we hope will be a long time, but we stand ready to do more whenever it becomes necessary.

Respectfully submitted this the 5th day of April, 1956.

Thomas J. Pearsall, Chairman William T. Joyner, Vice-Chairman Lunsford Crew R. O. Huffman William Medford H. Cloyd Philpott Edward F. Yarborough